

#### Financial Results for FY 3/2021

Announced on May 11, 2021

NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

(Stock Code: 2897)

# FY 3/2021 Financial Results and Mid-Term Business Plan 2021 Review



#### FY 3/2021 Financial Results Highlights

The results of steady implementation of strategy, combined with the impact of COVID-19 and M&A (making KOIKE-YA a consolidated subsidiary) led to performance that outpaced the initial forecast significantly

bil. Yen	FY 3/2021							FY 3/2020	FY 3/2020 FY 3/2021	
bii. Teli	Results	YoY Change		Vs. Initial	Vs. Initial Forecast		Vs. Revised Forecast		Initial Forecast	Revised Forecast
Revenue	506.1	+ 37.2	+ 7.9%	+ 20.1	+ 4.1%	+ 6.1	+ 1.2%	468.9	486.0	500.0
Operating profit	55.5	+ 14.3	+ 34.6%	+ 12.0	+ 27.7%	+ 2.5	+ 4.8%	41.3	43.5	53.0
<b>Profit</b> attributable to owners of the parent	40.8	+ 11.5	+ 39.3%	+ 10.3	+ 33.9%	+ 3.3	+ 8.9%	29.3	30.5	37.5
OP margin	11.0%	+ 2.2pt	-	+ 2.0pt	-	+ 0.4pt	-	8.8%	9.0%	10.6%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent margin	8.1%	+ 1.8pt	-	+ 1.8pt	-	+ 0.6pt	-	6.3%	6.3%	7.5%
ROE	11.5%	+ 2.5pt	-	+ 2.5pt	-	-	-	9.0%	9.0%	_
EPS (Yen)	392	+ 110	+ 39.3%	+ 99	+ 33.9%	+ 32	+ 8.9%	281	293	360
<b>Adjusted EPS</b> (Yen)*	329	+ 51	+ 18.3%	+ 48	+ 17.0%	-	-	278	281	-

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted EPS = (Operating profit ± Other income & expenses – Income tax expense – Profit attributable to non-controlling interests) / Average number of shares outstanding during the period (excluding treasury shares)



#### **Revenue Results by Segment**

Sales increased in almost all segments, led by high double-digit growth overseas. Consolidated sales reached the 500 billion yen level for the first time since the adoption of IFRS

				F <sup>'</sup>	Y 3/2021					FY 3/2020	FY 3/2021
bil. Yen	Results	YoY Cha	ange	For Ex Differences	Business Differences	Vs. Initial F	orecast	For Ex Differences	Business Differences	Results	Initial Forecast
NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS	205.6	+ 4.3	+ 2.1%			(0.4)	(0.2%)			201.3	206.0
MYOJO FOODS	37.6	+ 1.0	+ 2.8%			+ 1.0	+ 2.8%			36.5	36.5
Instant noodles	243.2	+ 5.3	+ 2.2%			+ 0.6	+ 0.3%			237.8	242.5
Chilled and frozen foods	61.9	+ 4.6	+ 8.0%			+ 2.4	+ 4.0%			57.3	59.5
Confectionery and beverages	56.9	+ 15.0	+ 35.7%			+ 12.4	+ 27.9%			41.9	44.5
Domestic others	3.3	(0.8)	(18.6%)			(0.1)	(3.4%)			4.1	3.5
Domestic total	365.3	+ 24.1	+ 7.1%			+ 15.3	+ 4.4%			341.2	350.0
The Americas	70.9	+ 5.0	+ 7.5%	(10.0)	+ 14.9	+ 2.9	+ 4.2%	(8.8)	+ 11.7	65.9	68.0
China (incl. H.K.)	48.2	+ 5.1	+ 11.8%	(0.2)	+ 5.3	+ 1.2	+ 2.5%	(0.3)	+ 1.4	43.1	47.0
Asia	12.7	+ 1.4	+ 12.5%	(0.6)	+ 2.0	(0.8)	(6.3%)	(0.7)	(0.1)	11.3	13.5
EMEA	9.1	+ 1.7	+ 22.5%	+ 0.2	+ 1.5	+ 1.6	+ 21.3%	+ 0.2	+ 1.4	7.4	7.5
Overseas total	140.8	+ 13.1	+ 10.3%	(10.5)	+ 23.6	+ 4.8	+ 3.5%	(9.6)	+ 14.4	127.7	136.0
Domestic and Overseas total	506.1	+ 37.2	+ 7.9%	(10.5)	+ 47.7	+ 20.1	+ 4.1%	(9.6)	+ 29.7	468.9	486.0
Other reconciliations											
Group expenses											
Consolidated	506.1	+ 37.2	+ 7.9%	(10.5)	+ 47.7	+ 20.1	+ 4.1%	(9.6)	+ 29.7	468.9	486.0

<sup>\*</sup> Results and initial forecast in China (including H.K.) are based on the consolidation policy of NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS. Disclosure may differ from that of NISSIN FOODS CO., LTD. (located in H.K.)



#### Operating Profit Results by Segment

Except for the Americas, which was significantly affected by foreign exchange rates, all regions achieved significant increases in operating profit, exceeding the initial forecast. Consolidated operating profit exceeded the initial forecast by 12 billion yen, partly due to the impact relating to business combination (KOIKE-YA)

				F	Y 3/2021					FY 3/2020	FY 3/2021
bil. Yen	Results	YoY Ch	ange	For Ex Differences	Business Differences	Vs. Initial F	orecast	For Ex Differences	Business Differences	Results	Initial Forecast
NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS	32.2	+ 4.6	+ 16.8%			+ 4.2	+ 15.0%			27.6	28.0
MYOJO FOODS	3.2	+ 1.0	+ 45.2%			+ 1.0	+ 44.7%			2.2	2.2
Instant noodles	35.4	+ 5.6	+ 18.9%			+ 5.2	+ 17.2%			29.8	30.2
Chilled and frozen foods	2.9	+ 1.5	+ 104.9%			+ 1.2	+ 70.0%			1.4	1.7
Confectionery and beverages	3.3	+ 1.1	+ 52.2%			+ 0.9	+ 39.1%			2.2	2.4
Domestic others	0.0	(0.9)	(97.7%)			(1.1)	(98.1%)			1.0	1.2
Domestic total	41.6	+ 7.3	+ 21.3%			+ 6.2	+ 17.4%			34.3	35.5
The Americas	4.0	(0.0)	(0.8%)	(0.9)	+ 0.9	(0.3)	(5.9%)	(0.9)	+ 0.6	4.1	4.3
China (incl. H.K.)	5.8	+ 0.9	+ 18.4%	(0.0)	+ 0.9	+ 0.9	+ 17.6%	(0.0)	+ 0.9	4.9	4.9
Asia	4.1	+ 1.7	+ 69.8%	(0.0)	+ 1.7	+ 0.7	+ 19.8%	+ 0.0	+ 0.7	2.4	3.4
EMEA	1.9	+ 0.8	+ 73.9%	(0.2)	+ 1.0	+ 0.5	+ 33.1%	(0.1)	+ 0.6	1.1	1.4
Overseas total	15.7	+ 3.3	+ 26.8%	(1.2)	+ 4.5	+ 1.7	+ 12.5%	(1.0)	+ 2.8	12.4	14.0
<b>Domestic and Overseas total</b>	57.4	+ 10.6	+ 22.8%	(1.2)	+ 11.8	+ 7.9	+ 16.0%	(1.0)	+ 8.9	46.7	49.5
Other reconciliations	4.0	+ 4.1	-			+ 4.0	-			(0.1)	(0.1)
Group expenses	(5.8)	(0.5)	-			+ 0.1	-			(5.4)	(5.9)
Consolidated	55.5	+ 14.3	+ 34.6%	(1.2)	+ 15.4	+ 12.0	+ 27.7%	(1.0)	+ 13.0	41.3	43.5

<sup>\*</sup> Results and initial forecast in China (including H.K.) are based on the consolidation policy of NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS. Disclosure may differ from that of NISSIN FOODS CO., LTD. (located in H.K.)



#### Impact of Non-Recurring Income and Expenses on Operating Profit, Year on Year

The impact of the KOIKE-YA business combination is +4.3 billion yen. We recorded no other major property / goodwill impairment loss, and overall non-recurring income / expenses resulted in an impact of +6 billion yen

	FY 3/2021	FY 3/2020			YoY Differences
bil. Yen	Results	Results		Portion of Non- Recurring Income and Expenses	Main Components of Non-Recurring Income and Expenses
NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS	32.2	27.6	+ 4.6	+ 0.2	(FY 3/2021) Impairment loss of property (0.1)
MYOJO FOODS	3.2	2.2	+ 1.0	+ 0.2	
Instant noodles	35.4	29.8	+ 5.6	+ 0.4	
Chilled and frozen foods	2.9	1.4	+ 1.5	(0.2)	(FY 3/2021) Impact of liquidation of associate +0.3 (FY 3/2020) Impact of liquidation of associate +0.5
Confectionery and beverages	3.3	2.2	+ 1.1	+ 0.0	
Domestic others	0.0	1.0	(0.9)	+ 0.6	(FY 3/2020) Impairment loss of property (0.4)
Domestic total	41.6	34.3	+ 7.3	+ 0.8	
The Americas	4.0	4.1	(0.0)	+ 0.0	
China (incl. H.K.)	5.8	4.9	+ 0.9	+ 0.0	
Asia	4.1	2.4	+ 1.7	+ 0.8	(FY 3/2020) Impairment loss of property (0.7)
EMEA	1.9	1.1	+ 0.8	+ 0.1	
Overseas total	15.7	12.4	+ 3.3	+ 0.9	
Domestic and Overseas total	57.4	46.7	+ 10.6	+ 1.8	
Other reconciliations	4.0	(0.1)	+ 4.1	+ 4.2	(FY 3/2021) Impact relating to business combination (KOIKE-YA) +4.3
Group expenses	(5.8)	(5.4)	(0.5)	+ 0.0	
Consolidated	55.5	41.3	+ 14.3	+ 6.0	

<sup>\*</sup> Results in China (including H.K.) are based on the consolidation policy of NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS. Disclosure may differ from that of NISSIN FOODS CO., LTD. (located in H.K.)

<sup>\*\* +</sup> and () figures related to main components of non-recurring income and expenses represent gain and loss



#### Impact of COVID-19 on Performance

Despite the extensive and complex impacts, we have used certain logic to quantify these impacts. As a result, we estimate the impact on revenue and operating profit to be +16.5 billion yen and +10.5 billion yen, respectively

#### Approach (Logic) to Calculating the Impact of COVID-19

- Top-line impact
  (Revenue)

  Impact on profit:
  obtained
  from net increase /
  decrease in top-line

  C

  Other general
  profit impact
  based on
  profitability changes
- Differences between revenue results vs. plan recognized as the parent set for COVID-19 impact
- Calculated impact of COVID-19 by subtracting impact clearly NOT attributable (e.g., introduction of strategic new products) from the parent set
- Calculated by multiplying the top-line impact by the planned profit margin
- Converted impact to total revenue based on planned revenue ratio, etc., to exclude the impact of profitability (reduced selling expenses, etc.)
- In addition to B, we calculated the final profit impact by adding or subtracting the impact of cost increase/decrease vs. plan caused by COVID-19, including selling expense control
- Impact of events occurring regardless of COVID-19 is not included

#### **Impact by Segment**

	FY 3/2	2021	Ref) FY 3/2020		
bil. Yen	Revenue	ОР	Revenue	OP	
NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS	+ 2.8	+ 5.3	+ 2.4	+ 1.3	
MYOJO FOODS	+ 1.4	+ 1.0	+ 1.0	+ 0.2	
Instant noodles	+ 4.2	+ 6.3	+ 3.4	+ 1.5	
Chilled and frozen foods	+ 1.7	+ 0.7	+ 0.7	+ 0.1	
Confectionery and beverages	+ 0.7	+ 0.5	+ 0.3	+ 0.1	
Domestic others	(1.4)	+ 0.2	(0.1)	(0.0)	
Domestic total	+ 5.2	+ 7.7	+ 4.3	+ 1.7	
The Americas	+ 9.6	+ 1.8	+ 0.7	+ 0.0	
China (incl. H.K.)	+ 0.5	+ 0.5	+ 0.5	+ 0.4	
Asia	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.0	
EMEA	+ 1.0	+ 0.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	
Overseas total	+ 11.3	+ 2.8	+ 1.6	+ 0.6	
Domestic and Overseas total	+ 16.5	+ 10.5	+ 5.9	+ 2.3	

<sup>\*</sup> Results in China (including H.K.) are based on the consolidation policy of NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS. Disclosure may differ from that of NISSIN FOODS CO., LTD. (located in H.K.)



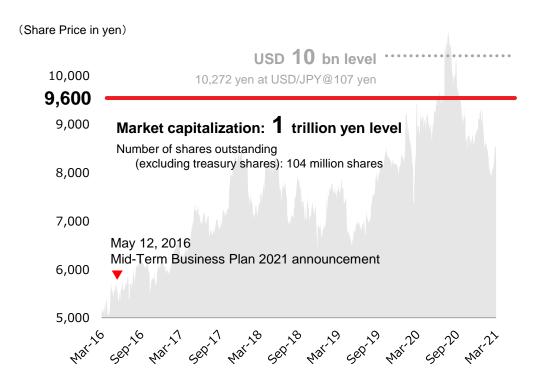
#### Mid-Term Business Plan 2021 Results vs. Target

Profit resulted in significant excess of the target. Despite ups and downs due to market conditions, market cap surpassed 1 trillion yen, which we redefined as a transitional target for the fiscal year

#### Profit Target = Earning Power Centered on Core Businesses

bil. yen	Initial Plan	Revised Plan May 9, 2019	Revised Plan May 12, 2020	FY 3/2021 Results
Operating Profit	47.5	42.5	43.5	55.5 🗸
Ratio of overseas	≧30%	≧30%	28.3%	28.4%
Adjusted*				31.6%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	33.0	30.0	30.5	40.8
Adjusted EPS (yen)**	330	284	281	329 🗸
5-year CAGR	≧10%	-	-	11.8%
ROE	≧8%	≧8%	9%	11.5% 🗸
Avg. payout ratio	≧40%	≧40%	-	40% 🗸

#### Market Cap Target = Corporate Value in the Capital Market



<sup>\*</sup> Value after deducting COVID-19 impact and impact from other income and expenses

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted EPS = (Operating profit ± Other income & expenses – Income tax expense – Profit attributable to non-controlling interests) / Average number of shares outstanding during the period (excluding treasury shares)



#### Environmental Changes and Future Business Assumptions

In an era of dramatic change in the business environment, we must pursue a unique CSV management, backed by corporate resilience and disruptive innovation

Major Changes in the Business Environment

- The high frequency of pandemics such as COVID-19 has led to an era of continuous paradigm shifts
- To achieve sustainable growth, we must strengthen resilience in three directions: our value chain, our talent, and our capital
- Emergence of other environmental and social issues: Deterioration of the natural environment, worsening food situation, social welfare issues
- Fundamental change in the perception of corporate value: From Shareholder Capitalism to Stakeholder Capitalism
- Dramatic, rapid changes in existing industrial structures due to technological innovation = Disruption is becoming commonplace
- An era in which the lifespan of a company depends on continued exploration in addition to CSV management and exploitation

Future Business Assumptions **Corporate Resilience** 

**Exploitation** 

**CSV Management** 

**Disruptive Innovation** 

**Exploration** 

The ability to transform continually in response to environmental change and business plans premised on change will become more important





# NISSIN FOODS Group Mid- to Long-Term Growth Strategy

Making a leap ahead in corporate resilience and pursuing CSV management by creating new food cultures

May 11, 2021

NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

Stock Code: 2897

# EARTH FOOD CREATOR

# Fundamental Change in the Perception of Corporate Value



From Shareholder Capitalism to Stakeholder Capitalism

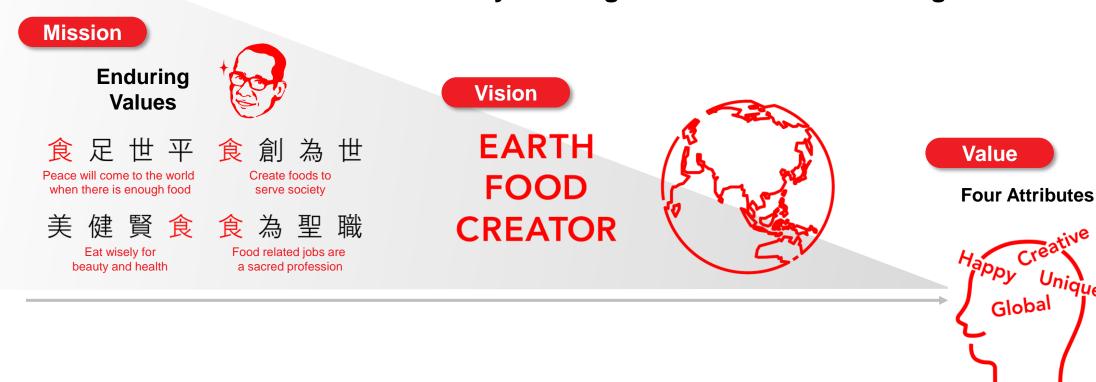




To achieve sustainable growth while solving environmental and social issues as an

#### "EARTH FOOD CREATOR",

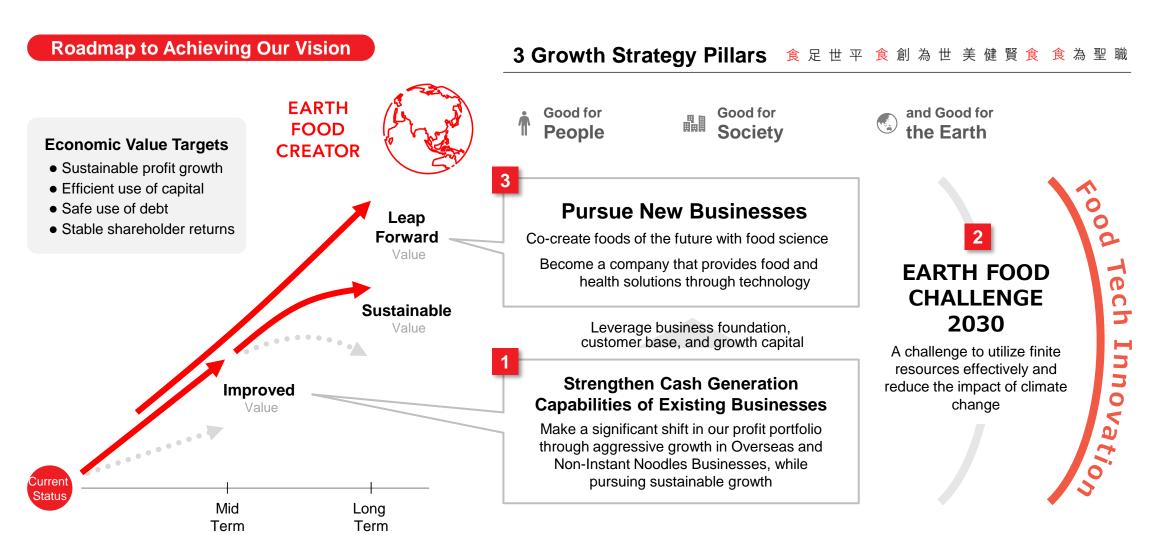
constantly creating new food cultures through innovation.





#### Growth Story for the Mid- to Long-Term

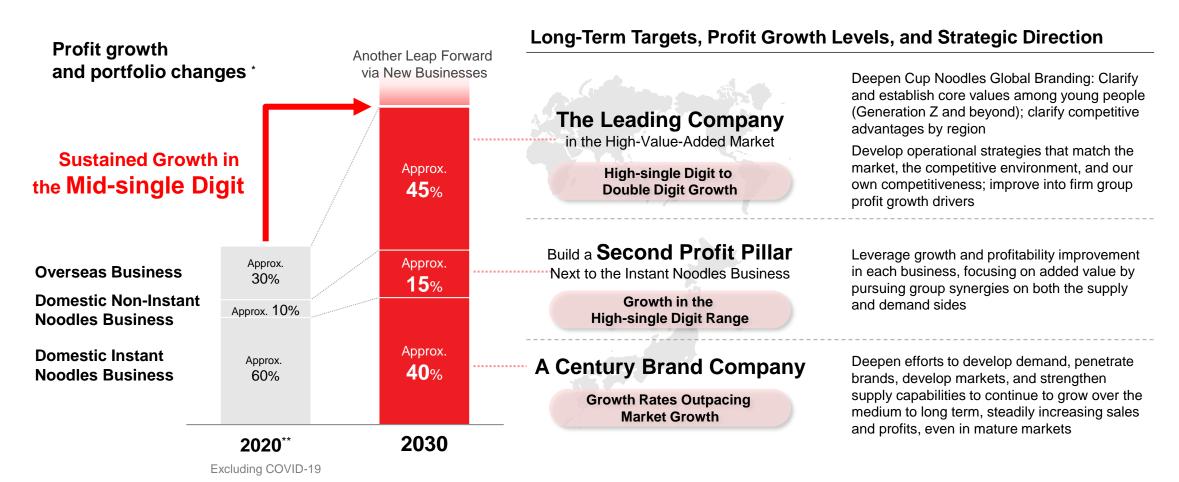
Three Mid- to long-term growth strategies for achieving our vision and sustainable growth





#### Mid- to Long-Term Growth Strategy 2030

Pursue sustainable growth while shifting our profit portfolio in a major way toward aggressive growth of Overseas Business + Non-Instant Noodles Business



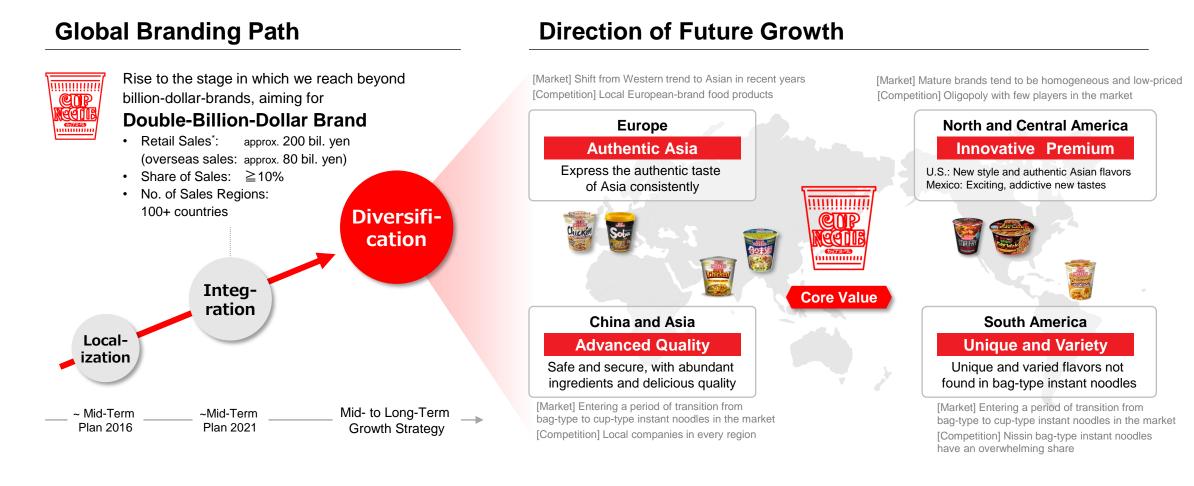
<sup>\*</sup> Real operating profit growth rate, excluding the impact of non-recurring income and expenses and the impact of currency conversion to the yen during consolidation (defined by NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS as a non-GAAP indicator called core operating profit; details to follow)

<sup>\*</sup> Figures for 2020 (FY3/2021) are approximate figures calculated by deducting Japan and other segment net loss and impairment loss, extraordinary gains, and other income and expenses, as well as the impact of COVID-19, which was a significant factor in the profit increase over FY3/2020 through FY3/2021, from FY3/2021 operating profit under the IFRS standard



#### Overseas Business Growth Driver: Deeper Global Branding

Further clarify and establish the competitive advantages of *CUP NOODLES* by core value and by area; *CUP NOODLES* has reached a stage to be regarded as a global brand



\* NISSIN research 14



#### **Overseas Business**

Profit Growth Levels. High-single to Double Digit >>>> The Leading Company in the High-Value-Added Market

Develop brand strategies into operational strategies in line with the stage of each market and business. Aim for further high growth by utilizing M&A as well

Maintain the growth momentum developed through Mid-term Business Plan 2021 and make further progress

FY 3/2021 excluding impact of COVID-19 and other income and expenses\*

#### **OP CAGR**

FY 3/16 2.8bil. yen + **35.2%** FY 3/21 12.7bil. yen + **35.2%** 

#### Revenue CAGR

FY 3/16 100.9bil.yen + 5.1% FY 3/21 129.5bil. yen

#### **OPM Improvement**

FY 3/16 + 7.0pt 9.8% FY 3/21

Engage in a brand strategy around highquality, high-value-added Asian concepts and an area strategy conscious of the mosaic market (different market characteristics between countries)

Leverage high quality and "made in/from Hong Kong" to pursue sales growth in the mainland

Leverage alliances and pursue profit opportunities through multi-category in regions where we already have a strong presence

Pursue a **Premium Shift** focusing on \$1+/unit products through strong marketing and operational strategies; create a gamechanging, stable foundation for profits



- East: Pursue cross-regional products, expertise, and a shared business foundation; drive growth while improving profitability as a unified region
- India: Aim for exclusivity in the cup-type instant noodle market through an expanded sales platform using CUP NOODLES growth and the pursuit of alliance opportunities by leveraging Mini-cup



Leverage our **overwhelming leadership position** in Brazil for further leaps ahead in the Instant Noodle Business and transition to multi-category; expand our business in South America and maximize profit growth over the medium term

- FY3/2016 reflects J-GAAP standard
- China (including H.K.) strategy and related targets, financial results forecasts are established independently by NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS



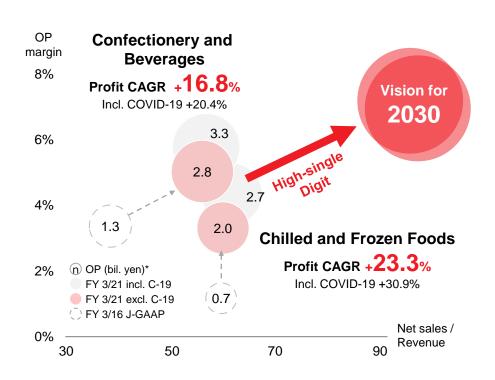
#### **Domestic Non-Instant Noodles Business**

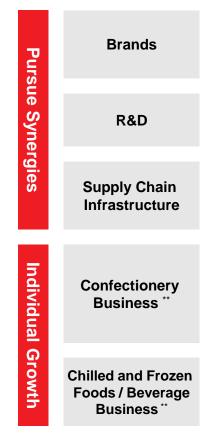
Profit Growth Levels. High-single Digit >>>> Second Profit Pillar

Leverage growth and profitability improvement in each business, focusing on added value by pursuing group synergies on both the supply and demand sides

Make steady progress toward building a second profit pillar while improving profitability

→ A future driver of domestic profit growth





 Provide value to diversifying dietary needs, offering broad coverage in terms of customer segments and eating opportunities (Breakfast, lunch, dinner, snack, Plus1/ From youth up to senior segments)

- Horizontal rollout of food technologies cultivated in the Instant Noodles Business. Strong competitive advantage in terms of functional value
- Total optimization: Reach beyond joint purchasing of ingredients, with a view to shared resources across everything from production infrastructure to sales
- · Accelerate overseas development, focused on China currently
- Snack foods and cereals: Pursue expansion of scale with attending profitability through flexible and ongoing development of leading-edge products and categories
- Capture white spaces in rice cracker products through regional expansion
- Focus on frozen foods and lactobacillus beverages, which we expect to continue to have high market potential
- Drive sales in No.1 segments based on increased production capacity; expand user base

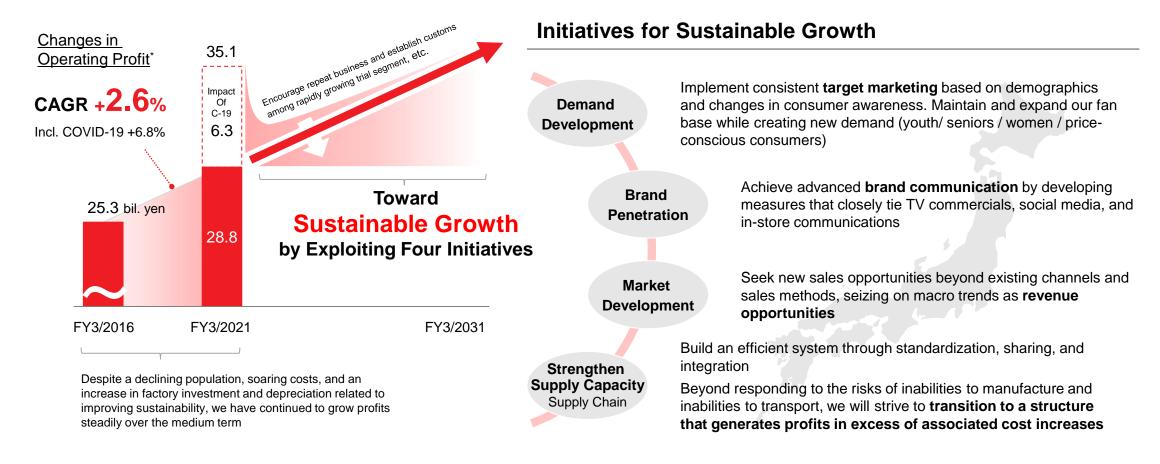
<sup>\*</sup> Operating profit for FY3/2021 and beyond represents the deduction of other income and expenses as non-recurring income from operating profit

<sup>\*\*</sup> With the acquisition of KOIKE-YA as a consolidated subsidiary, we aim to increase an awareness and implementation of synergies in the Confectionery Business. Therefore, we have split out the Confectionery Business figures from consolidated full-year forecasts beginning with FY3/2022. As a result, our Beverage Business has been incorporated into the Chilled and Frozen Foods Business. We will manage and provide explanations for this organization under the Chilled Foods, Frozen Foods, and Beverage Business.



#### Domestic Instant Noodles Business Profit Growth ≥ Market Growth >>>> A Century Brand Company

Deepen efforts to develop demand, penetrate brands, develop markets, and strengthen supply capabilities to continue to grow over the medium to long term, steadily increasing sales and profits, even in mature markets



<sup>\*</sup> Operating profit for FY3/2021 and beyond represents the deduction of other income and expenses as non-recurring income from operating profit



#### **Growth Strategy 2** EARTH FOOD CHALLENGE 2030

Maximize our ability to coexist in harmony with the Earth to extend the life cycle of our existing businesses significantly, while raising the stage of our Food Technology, one of our sources of competitiveness, to a new level



#### **Environmental Targets Toward 2030**

Sustainable Palm Oil Procurement Ratio	100%
Water Usage Per million yen of revenue (IFRS basis)	12.3m²
Total Waste Reduction Vs. FY3/2016 (Japan)	△ 50%
Reduction of CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions :Scope1+2 Vs. FY3/2019	△ 30%
Reduction of CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions :Scope3 Vs. FY3/2019	<b>△ 15%</b>

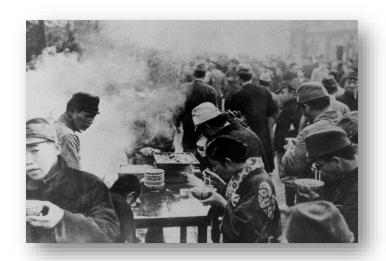
# Growth Strategy 3 Pursue New Businesses

#### From a Time of Hunger to a Time of Satiety



**Founding (1958)** 

Food scarcity in early post-war Japan led to deteriorating health



Long Lines to Purchase Food (Provided by : The Mainichi Newspapers)

Transformation in food value and health effects

It is time for us to evolve by returning to our founding spirit and purpose

食足世平

食創為世

美健賢食

食為聖職

#### **Current**

Now, our immense waste of food leads to deteriorating health



Wasted Food

#### **Problems With the Modern Diet**

While the modern diet is richer and more abundant than ever, we see many food-related problems, including obesity among men due to excessive calories and hidden malnutrition among women due to inappropriate dieting

#### **Excessive Calories**

Increased mortality and medical costs due to obesity and other lifestyle-related diseases



More than 2 billion

people in the world are

overweight or obese (\*1)

Obesity costs the world

US\$2 trillion (\*2)

#### **Hidden Malnutrition**

Hidden malnutrition is a lack of calories and nutrients caused by inappropriate dieting methods



Calorie intake has decreased by more than 10% compared to the immediate post-war period (\*3)

Vegetable consumption among women in their 20s is **about 40%** short of the target value

(\*4)

"To create a world where anyone can eat whatever they want, as much as they want, whenever they want"

### **Future Food**

Sustainability

(e.g., plant-based meats, insects as food)

Well-being

(e.g., meal replacements, complete nutrition meals, personalized meals)

#### **Traditional Idea of Balanced Nutrition Meals**



# The Challenges in Developing a Delicious, Complete Nutrition Meal

- 1 Technologies to reduce salt while maintaining delicious taste
- 2 Technologies to reduce oil while maintaining delicious taste
- 3 Technologies to reduce calories while maintaining delicious taste
- 4 Technologies to mask harsh or bitter tastes
- **6** Preventing nutrient loss during cooking



#### **Technologies to Achieve Delicious Complete Nutrition Meals**

## (1) Technologies to reduce salt while maintaining delicious taste

#### **Salt Reduction Manufacturing Method**

Analysis of Nearly 170 Types of Salt

Mixture of magnesium chloride (best ingredient for salt reduction) and spices to reduce salt without sacrificing taste





## (2) Technologies to reduce oil while maintaining delicious taste

#### Mist/Air-Drying Production Method

Reduce oil without sacrificing taste

Rather than frying noodles in oil, we mist the surface of the noodles with a minimal amount of vegetable oil and then dry using hot air





## (3) Technologies to reduce calories while maintaining delicious taste

#### Original 3-Layer Noodle Manufacturing Method

Reduce calories without sacrificing taste

Dietary fiber used as a partial substitute for wheat flour in the central layer of the noodle





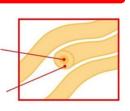


- (4) Technologies to mask harsh or bitter tastes
- (5) Preventing nutrient loss during cooking

#### **Nutrition Hold-Press Production Method**

Vitamins, minerals, and other nutrients with a bitter or harsh taste are packed inside

Outer surface is covered with a wheat-based layer





#### **NISSIN** Delicious Complete Nutrition Meals Ver1.0

		Men	Women
Nutrient Intake Standards (Energy)	*1	1,650 - 3,050 kcal	1,650 - 2,350 kcal
Nutrient Intake Standards (Nutrients)	*2	33 Nutrie	nts
Salt intake standards (per meal)	*3	450kcal - 650kcal	3.0g/meal
Sait intake Standards (per meai)	3	650kcal - 850kcal	3.5g/meal

The NISSIN Delicious Complete Nutrition Meals provide a balanced intake of PFC in line with dietary intake standards, as well as nutritional balance, even at reduced calories

<sup>\*1</sup> Based on the Dietary Reference Intakes for Japanese, 2020, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, for men and women aged 18-64

<sup>\*2</sup> Dietary Reference Intakes for Japanese, 2020, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare Salt intake based on Smart Meal standards

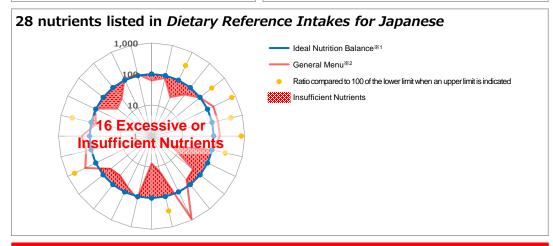
<sup>\*3</sup> Smart Meal standards from Healthy Meal and Dietary Environment Consortium Salt intake based on Smart Meal standards



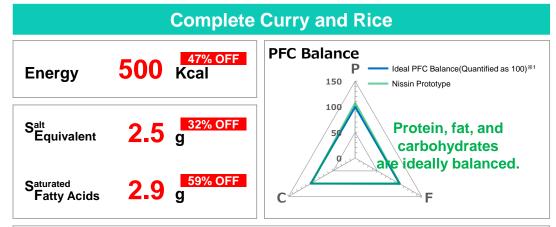
#### **Nutritional Comparison of NISSIN Delicious Complete Nutrition Meals**

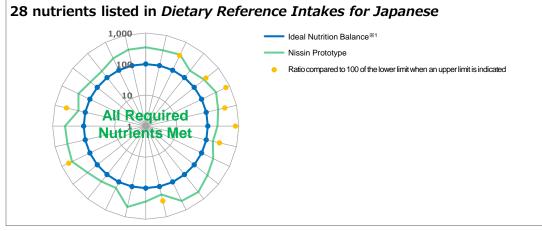
NISSIN Delicious Complete Nutrition Meals provide all 33 nutrients prescribed by the *Dietary Reference Intakes for Japanese* in a balanced manner.

# Generally Consumed Curry and Rice Energy 948 Kcal PFC Balance P deal PFC Balance (Quantified as 100)\*1 General Menu\*2 Salt Equivalent 7.2 g



Of the 33 nutrients provided in the *Dietary Reference Intakes for Japanese*, excesses or deficiencies are noted for 18, such as magnesium, vitamin A, vitamin B1, vitamin D



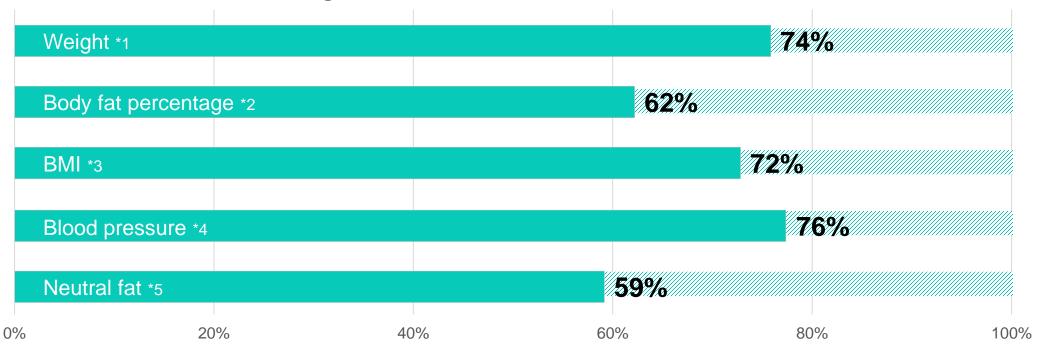


All 33 nutrients specified in the *Dietary Reference Intakes* for *Japanese* can be consumed



# The Impact of Consuming NISSIN Delicious Complete Nutrition Meals (data from clinical trials)

Percentage of subjects whose health data improved after eating complete nutrition meals offering balance between deliciousness and nutrition



<sup>\*1</sup> Body weight: Of 63 male subjects, 46 lost weight

2020/10/31

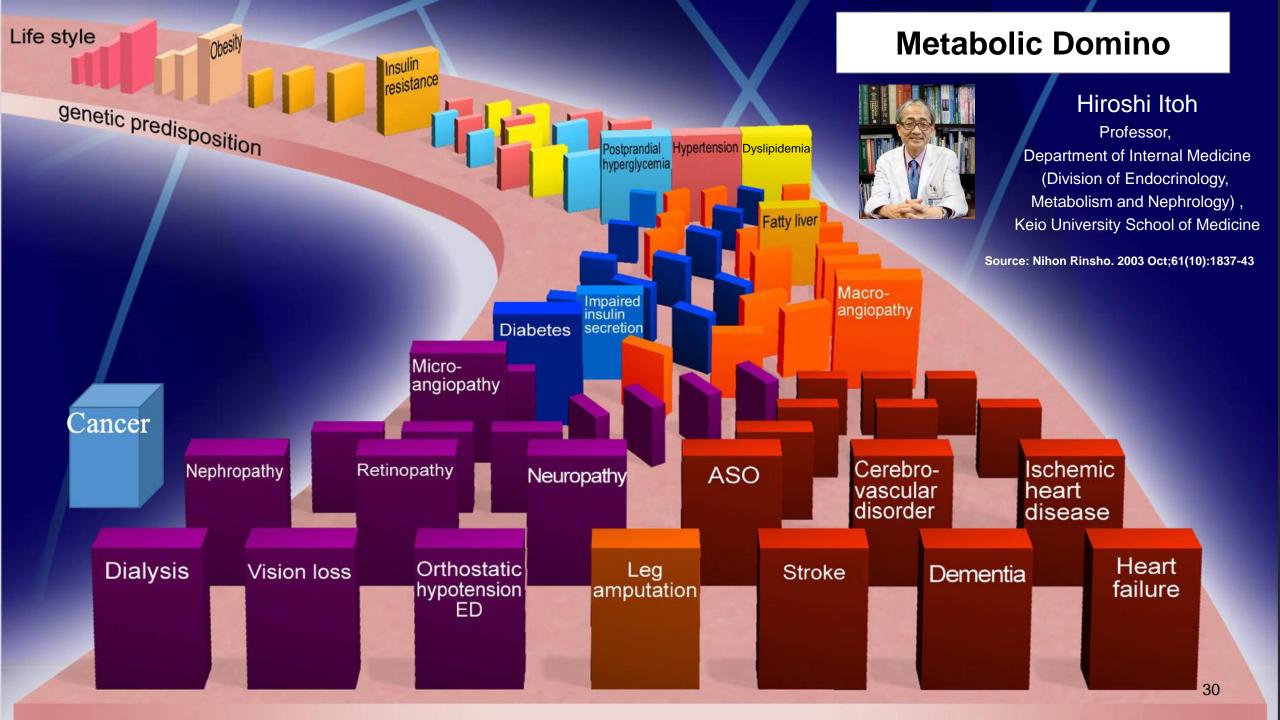
Published at the 27th Congress of the Japan Mibyou Association

<sup>\*2</sup> Body fat percentage: Of 32 male subjects, 20 with a body fat percentage of 20% or more decreased body fat percentage

<sup>\*3</sup> BMI: Of 18 male subjects, 13 with a BMI of 25 kg/m<sub>2</sub> or higher decreased in BMI

<sup>\*4</sup> Blood pressure: Of 13 subjects with SBP of 130 mmHg or higher and/or DBP of 80 mmHg or higher, 10 experienced a decrease in DBP

<sup>\* 5</sup> Neutral fat: Of 62 male subjects, 37 experienced a decrease in triglycerides



## Development of NISSIN Delicious Complete Nutrition Meals Ver 2.0 and Joint Research on Molecular Nutrition



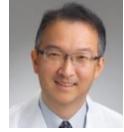


#### 慶應義塾大学 Keio University



Yuko Kitagawa General Director, Keio University Hospital

1986	Graduated from Keio University School of Medicine
1989	Resident (Surgery), Keio University Hospital Assistant (Specialist / Surgery), Keio University School of Medicine
1993	Visiting Fellow, University of British Columbia, Canada
2004	Assistant Professor, Keio University (Dept. of Surgery, School of Medicine)
2007	Professor, Keio University (Dept. of Surgery, School of Medicine)
2009	Director, Keio Cancer Center
2017	General Director, Keio University Hospital



Takanori Kanai
Professor, Gastroenterology,
Department of Internal
Medicine, Keio University
School of Medicine



Authority on brain-gut interaction and molecular nutrition

Professor, Keio University School of Medicine

Department of Internal Medicine

Keio University School of Medicine

School of Medicine

Graduated, Keio University, and Assistant, Keio University

Assistant Professor, Department of Internal Medicine,

(Gastroenterology, Department of Internal Medicine)

Visiting Fellow, Harvard University Beth Israel Medical Center

After returning to Japan, was Assistant of Keio Cancer Center,



Hiroshi Itoh
Professor,
Department of Internal Medicine
(Division of Endocrinology,
Metabolism and Nephrology),
Keio University School of Medicine

1983 1989	Graduated from Kyoto University School of Medicine Completed doctoral course at Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine
1989	Postdoctoral Fellow, Harvard University School of Medicine
1990	Postdoctoral Fellow, Division of Cardiovascular Medicine, Stanford University School of Medicine
2002	Associate Professor, Department of Medicine and Clinical Science, Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine
2006	Professor, Department of Internal Medicine (Division of Endocrinology, Metabolism and Nephrology), Keio University School of Medicine
2015	President, Japanese Society of Endocrinology
2018	President, The Japanese Society of Hypertension
2019	Director, Keio University Pre-emptive Medical Center for Diabetes Mellitus (Concurrent)
2020	Vice President, International Society of Hypertension

15.3	
1/2	

Taneaki Nakagawa Professor, Department of Dentistry and Oral Surgery, Keio University School of Medicine

1985	Graduated from Tokyo Dental College
1989	Completed graduate school at Tokyo Dental College (Periodontology)
1990	Assistant, Tokyo Dental College (Periodontal Disease Course)
1996	Lecturer, Tokyo Dental College (Periodontal Disease Course)
1997	Visiting Assistant Professor, University of Washington (Seattle, USA)
1999	Lecturer, Tokyo Dental College (Resumed)
2002	Professor, Keio University School of Medicine (Department of Dentistry and Oral Surgery)

#### NISSIN Delicious Complete Nutrition Meals Roll Out: Creating a Variety of Touch Points









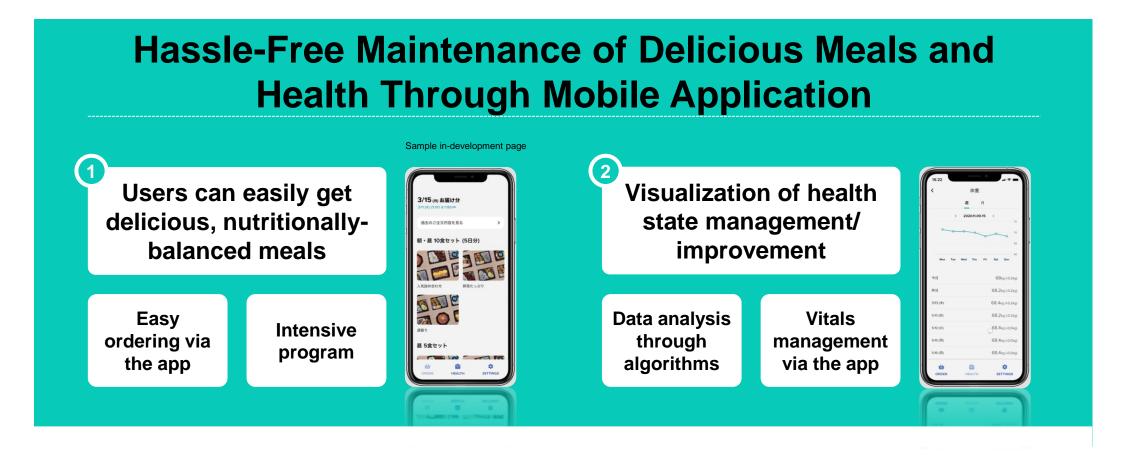








#### Overview of Subscription Home Delivery (D2C) Business



Service to launch Second Half of FY3/2022



# **Employee Cafeteria Overview Supporting Employee Health and Health Management**





Plan to Expand to 1,000-Employee
Businesses Scale After 100-Employee POC

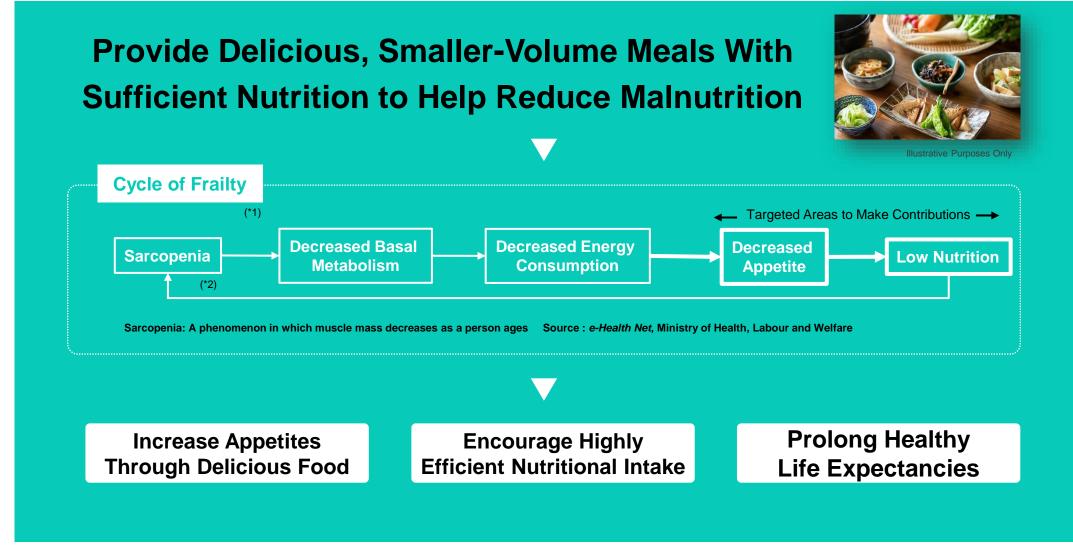




First Half of FY3/2022 Second Half of FY3/2022

# **Senior Business Overview Support for Longer Healthy Life Spans Through Delicious Healthy Meals**











New Urban Development Through a Trinity Integration of Food, Medical Care, and Exercise Offer Complete Health Management Through a Variety of Food Touch Points and Vital Data



# Take on the Challenge to Solve Social Issues Through the Integration of New and Existing Businesses









Examples of social issues to which complete nutrition food can contribute

## **Food Desert Issues**

(Food Access/Economic Disparities, Etc.)



Leads to increased risk of lifestyle-related diseases, including obesity; causes social problems, including increased mortality and medical costs





## Technology Search and Partnerships to Create Future Foods



Research, Collaborate, and Make Impacts













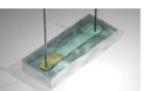


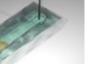
## CRAIF - Collaboration Cases with Partners

Accumulating health data from miRNA collected from urine and creating an algorithm. Utilizing algorithms for making preventive improvements to enhance services such as individually-tailored food

# CRAIF **Device**

- High capture rate for exosomederived miRNA, with low noise and high purity
- Capture possible even from urine







#### **Algorithm**

- Al analysis of low-noise, high-purity miRNA
- Collecting samples for future algorithm-building



**Cancer screening** (Early detection)



**Drug discovery support** (Commissioned research from pharmaceutical companies)





Individually-tailored medical care (Diagnostic services/tools) Joint development begins September 2021



Non-invasive vitals measurement

## STEP 1

# Prove the concept: Delicious and complete nutrition meal



#### STEP 2

Provide a personalized experience:
A complete nutrition meal that meets
the individual's health needs



Japan is within reach of regaining its health.

Raising an awareness of health among patients with metabolic syndrome is a good start toward preventive medicine, which has yet to be achieved on this planet.

Advocate Against Metabolic Syndrome Authority on Adiponectin:

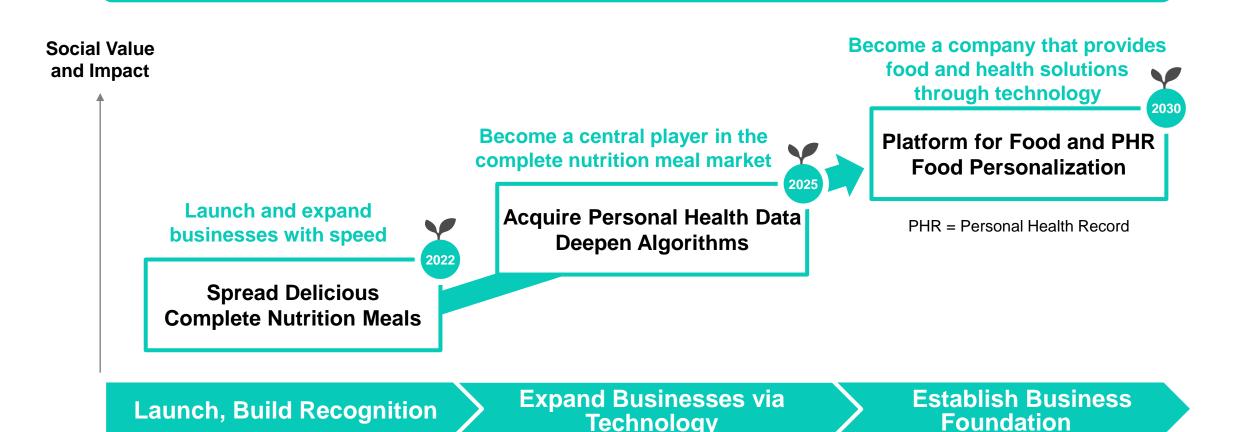
Professor Emeritus, Osaka University Dr. Yuji Matsuzawa





## **Growth Roadmap and Investment Policy for Future Foods**

Solve social issues through Future Foods via co-creation with food science. Consistently invest <u>5%-10%</u> of existing business core operating profit.





Leading World Food Culture Through Creativity and Food Technology

## **Target for Sustainable Profit Growth**

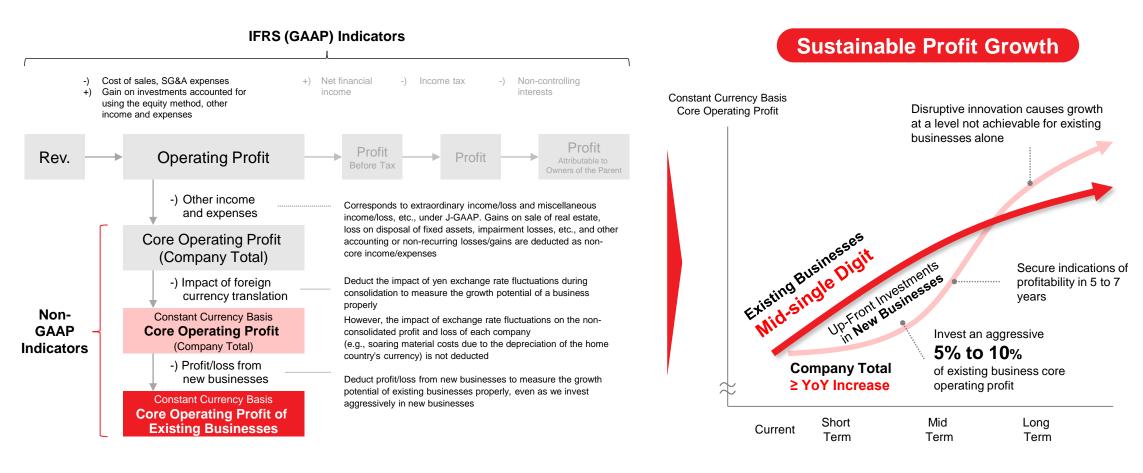
Core Operating Profit Growth Rate for Existing Businesses

# Mid-single Digit



### **Approach to Sustainable Profit Growth**

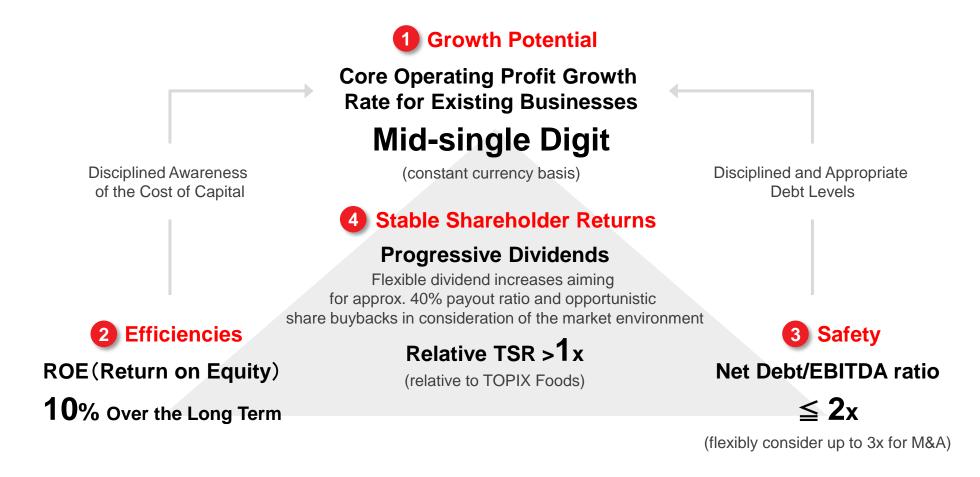
We have defined core operating profit of existing businesses as an indicator showing the real growth of our existing businesses, which serve as the foundation for growth investment. Here, we have set growth in the mid-single digits as our core economic value target





## Overall Picture of Mid- to Long-Term Economic Value Targets

We are committed to four Mid- to long-term economic value targets through CSV management: (1) Sustainable profit growth, (2) Efficient use of capital, (3) Safe use of debt, and (4) Stable shareholder returns



# FY 3/2022 Management Policy and Full-Year Consolidated Earnings Forecast

# Make A Fresh Start

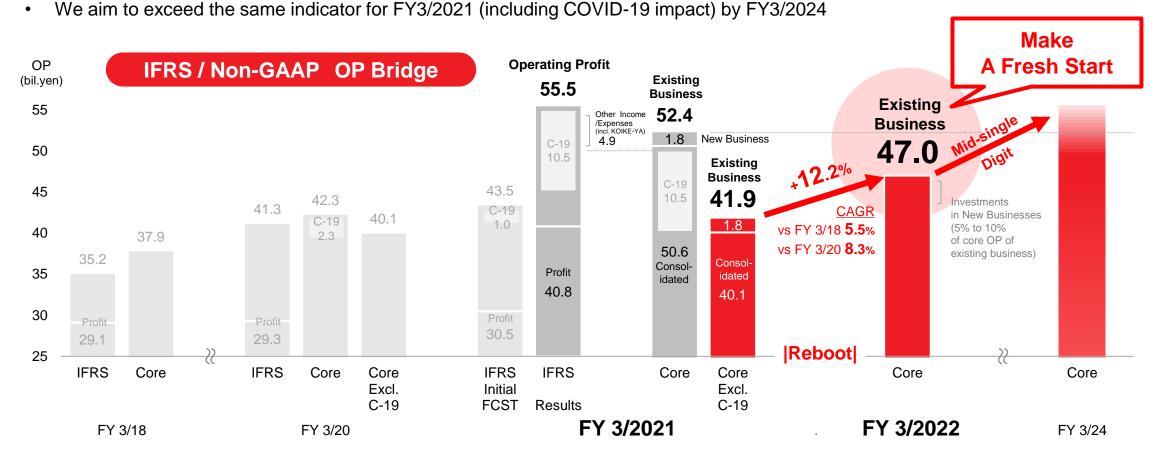


### **Profit Levels: Launchpad for a Fresh Start**

#### We have set 47 billion yen as the Fresh Start starting line after the reset of our core operating profit of existing businesses base

This is the equivalent of **double-digit growth** versus core operating profit of existing businesses for FY3/2021, when excluding **COVID-19** impact







## Major Earnings Forecast Assumptions

Beginning FY 3/2022, we will begin conducting management, making adjusting earnings forecasts, and explaining earnings results based on the following three assumptions

1

Adoption of non-GAAP profit indicators

Introducing **core operating profit** as a core economic value target

- Shift from IFRS operating profit to indicators excluding other income and expenses as non-recurring profit/loss
- To measure sustainable profit growth not affected by transient, non-core factors such as impairment and extraordinary income

2

Organizational changes for pursuing new businesses

Transferring New Business Development
Dept. from NISSIN FOODS HD to
NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS

- To efficiently leverage the business foundation of NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS, the largest business in the group
- To reflect achievements from the New Business Development Dept. in existing businesses in a timely manner and to increase synergy

(3

Changes to disclosure segments

Establish **new businesses segment** and split off **Confectionery business** 

- To clarify the performance of new businesses that require aggressive investment/risk-taking
- Re: independence of the confectionery business, we aim to further drive synergies between businesses in conjunction with making KOIKE-YA a consolidated subsidiary





## FY 3/2022 Full-Year Earnings Forecast

Aiming for core operating profit of existing business of 47 billion yen. We expect IFRS operating profit to be between 42.5 billion yen and 44.5 billion yen, driven by aggressive investment in new businesses within the range of 5% to 10%

Revenue	540.0 bil.	• In principle this is revenue from existing businesses
Core Operating Profit of Existing Businesses	47.0 bil.	<ul> <li>Non-GAAP Indicator: Operating profit – (other income and expenses + profit (loss) from new businesses)</li> <li>Equivalent of double-digit growth versus prior-year value when excluding the impact of COVID-19</li> </ul>
Operating Profit	42.5 ~ 44.5 bil.	<ul> <li>We assume that new business profit/loss will be 5-10% of core operating profit of existing business</li> <li>We assume no other income and expenses (e.g. impairment loss, extraordinary gain)</li> </ul>
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	31.0 ~ 33.0 bil.	<ul> <li>Yen</li> <li>Range-based forecast under the same concept as operating profit</li> </ul>
EPS	<b>298</b> ~ <b>317</b> Yen,	<ul> <li>Number of shares (excluding treasury shares): 104 million shares assumed.</li> <li>However, we are exploring opportunistic acquisitions of treasury shares</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup> Yen-based presentation of earnings forecasts are based on actual exchange rates for FY3/2021



### FY 3/2022 Forecasts by Segment

## Aiming for significant growth beyond FY3/2021 performance (when excluding COVID-19 impact) across many segments

			Revenue	(IFRS)			Core Operating Profit (Non-GAAP)							
bil. Yen	EV.0/0000	PY (FY 3/2021 Results)			E\/0/0000	PY (FY 3/2021 Results)								
bii. Teii	FY3/2022 Forecast	Revenue	C-19 Impact	Less C-19	YoY cl	nange	FY3/2022 Forecast	ОР	Other Income and Expense	Core OP	C-19 Impact	Less C-19	YoY CI	nange
NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS	207.0	205.6	2.8	202.8	+ 4.2	+ 2.1%	28.0	32.2	0.2	32.0	5.3	26.6	+ 1.4	+ 5.1%
MYOJO FOODS	37.5	37.6	1.4	36.2	+ 1.3	+ 3.6%	2.4	3.2	0.1	3.1	1.0	2.1	+ 0.3	+ 13.5%
Instant noodles	244.5	243.2	4.2	239.0	+ 5.5	+ 2.3%	30.4	35.4	0.3	35.1	6.3	28.8	+ 1.6	+ 5.7%
Chilled / frozen foods and beverages	77.0	77.7	1.8	75.9	+ 1.1	+ 1.5%	3.0	3.6	0.2	3.4	0.9	2.5	+ 0.5	+ 19.7%
Confectionery	65.0	41.1	0.6	40.5	+ 24.5	+ 60.4%	3.1	2.6	0.0	2.6	0.2	2.3	+ 0.8	+ 34.0%
Domestic others	2.5	3.3	(1.4)	4.7	(2.2)	(46.8%)	1.0	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.2	0.6	+ 0.4	+ 60.2%
Domestic total	389.0	365.3	5.2	360.1	+ 28.9	+ 8.0%	37.5	42.5	0.5	41.9	7.7	34.2	+ 3.3	+ 9.6%
The Americas	74.0	70.9	9.6	61.3	+ 12.7	+ 20.8%	3.9	4.0	0.0	4.0	1.8	2.2	+ 1.7	+ 75.3%
China (incl. H.K.)	55.0	48.2	0.5	47.6	+ 7.4	+ 15.5%	5.5	5.8	0.2	5.5	0.5	5.0	+ 0.5	+ 9.9%
Asia	13.5	12.7	0.1	12.5	+ 1.0	+ 7.9%	4.6	4.1	0.1	4.0	0.1	4.0	+ 0.6	+ 16.0%
EMEA	8.5	9.1	1.0	8.1	+ 0.4	+ 4.6%	1.5	1.9	0.0	1.8	0.4	1.5	+ 0.0	+ 2.1%
Overseas total	151.0	140.8	11.3	129.5	+ 21.5	+ 16.6%	15.5	15.7	0.3	15.5	2.8	12.7	+ 2.8	+ 22.4%
Domestic and Overseas Total	540.0	506.1	16.5	489.6	+ 50.4	+ 10.3%	53.0	58.2	0.8	57.4	10.5	46.9	+ 6.1	+ 13.1%
Other reconciliations							(0.0)	4.0	4.1	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	(4.0)	
Group expenses							(6.0)	(4.9)	0.0	(4.9)	0.0	(4.9)	(1.0)	-
Existing Businesses	540.0	506.1	16.5	489.6	+ 50.4	+ 10.3%	47.0	57.3	4.9	52.4	10.5	41.9	+ 5.1	+ 12.2%
New Businesses							(2.5) ~ (4.5)	(1.8)	0.0	(1.8)	0.0	(1.8)	(0.7) ~ (2.7)	-
Consolidated	540.0	506.1	16.5	489.6	+ 50.4	+ 10.3%	44.5 ~ 42.5	55.5	4.9	50.6	10.5	40.1	+ 4.4 ~ + 2.4	+ 11.0% ~ + 6.0%

<sup>\*</sup> China (including H.K.) strategy and related targets, financial results forecasts are established independently by NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS. Disclosure may differ from that of NISSIN FOODS CO., LTD. (located in H.K.)

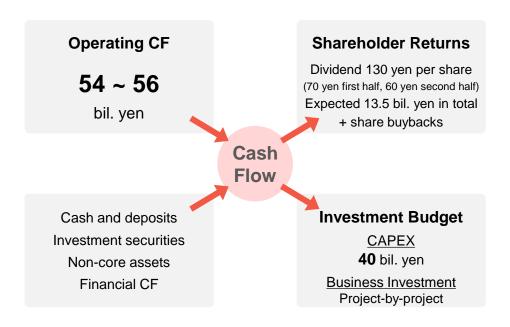


#### FY 3/2022 Financial and Capital Policies

Based on the principle of progressive dividend payments, we will implement shareholder return policies in combination with opportunistic share buybacks in consideration of market and environmental conditions, while continuing to reduce strategic shareholdings

#### **Cash Flow**

- Estimated cash flows from operating activities based on financial forecast is between 54 billion yen and 56 billion yen
- We are considering procuring resources to compensate for investment fund shortfall through cash and deposits, sales of investment securities, and various types of financing



#### **Shareholder Return**

- Progressive dividends: we plan to increase dividends to 120 yen per share per year in consideration of our dividend payout ratio. We also plan to pay a special 10 yen per share dividend during the first half of the year to commemorate the 50th anniversary of CUP NOODLE (full-year dividend of 130 yen per share)
- Treasury stock: We have resolved to conduct up to 12 billion yen in share buybacks during FY3/2022 (up to 1.8% of shares issued and outstanding)

	FY 3/2021 Actual	5-Yr Actual Mid-term BP 2021	Future Policy	FY 3/2022 Plan
Dividend/ share	Regular dividend: 110 yen Commemorative dividend: 10 yen	85~120 yen	Progressive dividends	Regular dividend: 120 yen Commemorative dividend: 10 yen
Payout ratio	31%	Avg. 40%	40% target	41~44%

#### **Cross-shareholdings Policy**

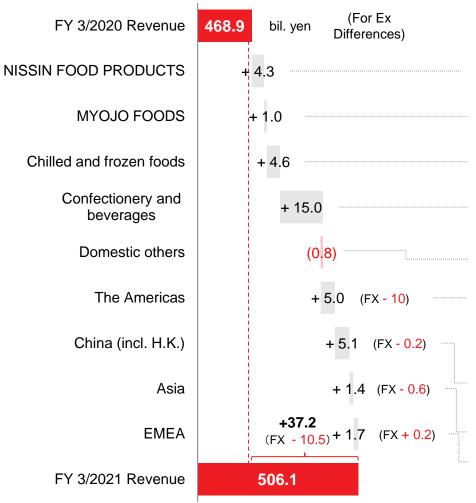
- · Policy to reduce overall holdings
- At present, we have achieved our policy to reduce holdings over two to three years by an equivalent of 20% compared to FY3/2020 (FY3/2021 Corporate Governance Report) ahead of schedule
- Policy to make additional sales targeting 10 billion yen over approximately the next two years
   \* The board of directors is consulted regarding continued holdings in accordance with internal investing rules

## **Appendix**

I.	FY 3/2021 Full-Year Financial Results	P57~59
11.	Mid-Term Business Plan 2021 Summary	P61~64
.	Mid- to Long-Term Growth Strategy	P66~78
IV.	FY 3/2022 Management Policy	P80~87
	and Full-Year Consolidated Earnings Forecast	



## **Revenue Contribution by Segment (YoY)**



#### **Major Factors**

Cup type (-1%): CUP NOODLE and DONBEI performed steadily, RAOH performed well Bag type (+9%): NISSIN KORE ZETTAI UMAIYATSU and other Prime bag-type instant noodle category products performed well Others (+13%): CURRY MESHI and other rice category products performed well

Cup type (-2%): New brand MEGAMI contributed, but CVS struggled in the Tokyo metropolitan area due to COVID-19 Bag type (+25%): Revenue increased due to strong sales of CHARUMERA MIYAZAKI KARAMEN. Also new brand MEGAMI contributed

Chilled foods (+4%): Revenue increased due to strong performance of mainstay brands such as GYORETSU NO DEKIRU MISE NO RAMEN as a result of increased demand from COVID-19 Frozen foods (+9%): Revenue increased due to stay-at-home demand caused by the expansion of COVID-19 while commercial-use products performed poorly

CISCO (+8%): Cereals (mainly granolas) saw a significant revenue increase YORK (+4%): Higher revenues for 65ml PILKUL, higher revenues for family-size TOKACHI NOMU YOGURT BonChi (-1%): Despite strong performance in PEANUT AGE and KAISEN AGESEN, Sagaeya struggled in retail and other channels KOIKE-YA: As COVID-19-related demand has become the new normal, existing products performed strong and revenue increased (newly consolidated from December)

Revenue decreased, mainly at NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS

U.S. (+21%): Revenue increased due to strong sales of base products and premium products due to stay-at-home demand caused by COVID-19

Mexico (+24%): Unit price increases and strong mainstay product sales of CUP NOODLES and U.F.O. resulted in increased revenue

Brazil (+25%): Emergency benefit payments and COVID-19 drove higher demand for at-home consumption, leading to strong sales performance and increased revenue

Hong Kong (+1%): Increasing at-home meals drive growth in sales of instant noodles; exports of bag-type instant noodles also rose. Wholesale business for MCMS was sluggish. Mainland China (+20%): Increased sales volume of CUP NOODLES and DEMAE ICCHO. EASTPEAK TRADING (wholesale business) contributed to revenue growth, despite only just beginning sales By descending order of revenue:

Thailand: Increased India: Increased Singapore: Decreased Indonesia: Increased Vietnam: Increased

Europe: Increased revenue due to strong performance of CUP NOODLES and Demae Ramen brands

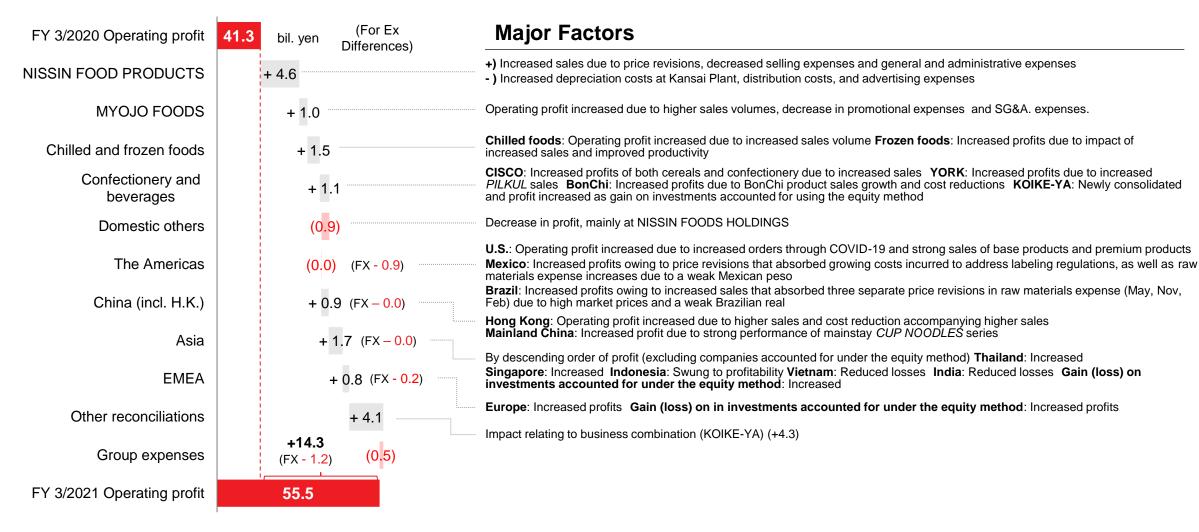
Figures for year-on-year changes in sales of NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS and MYOJO FOODS, which are indicated in the parentheses of each, are year-on-year changes in shipment value by manufacturer in each category, and they are not year-on-year changes in revenue based on IFRS.

Results and initial forecast in China (including H.K.) are based on the consolidation policy of NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS. Disclosure may differ from that of NISSIN FOODS CO., LTD. (located in H.K.)

Comments and year-on-year change figures in Main Factors in the Americas, China, Asia and EMEA segments are based on revenue on a local currency basis.



### **Operating Profit Contribution by Segment (YoY)**



<sup>\*</sup> Results in China (including H.K.) are based on the consolidation policy of NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS. Disclosure may differ from that of NISSIN FOODS CO., LTD. (located in H.K.)

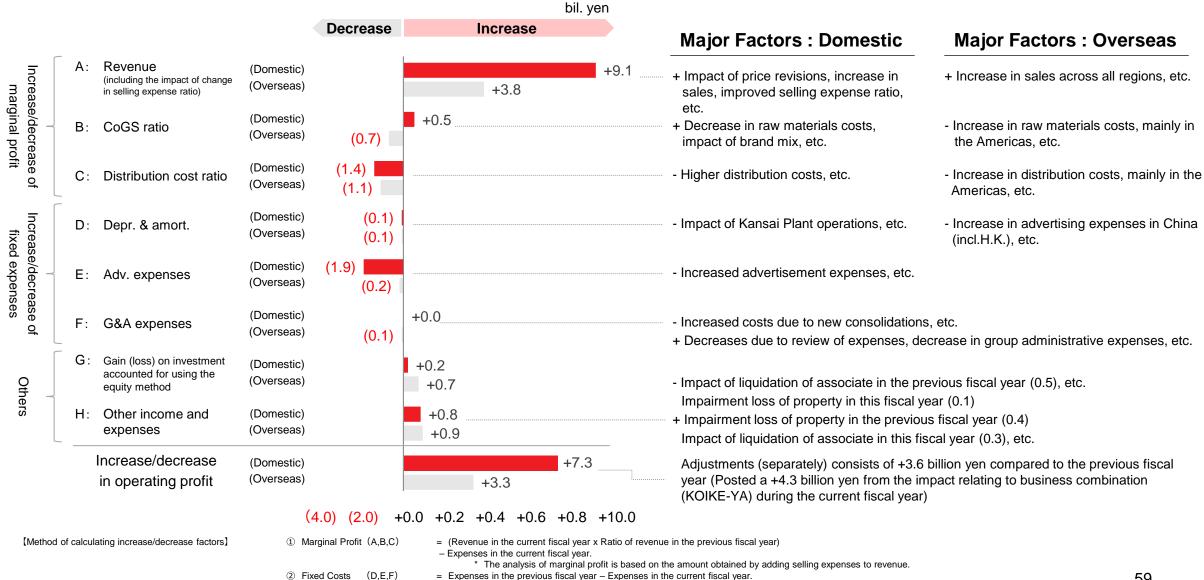
All comments in Major Factors in the Americas, China, Asia and EMEA segments are based on operating profit on a local currency basis



## **Analysis of Operating Profit (YoY)**

3 Others

(G.H)



= Results in the previous fiscal year - Results in the current fiscal year.

## **Appendix**

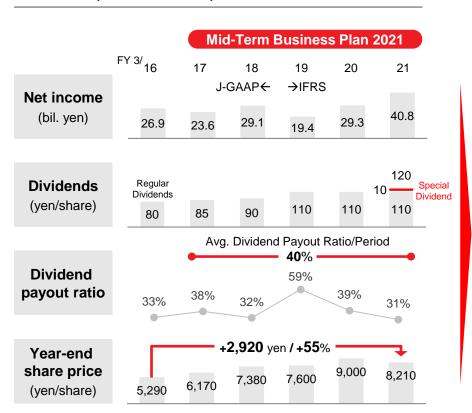
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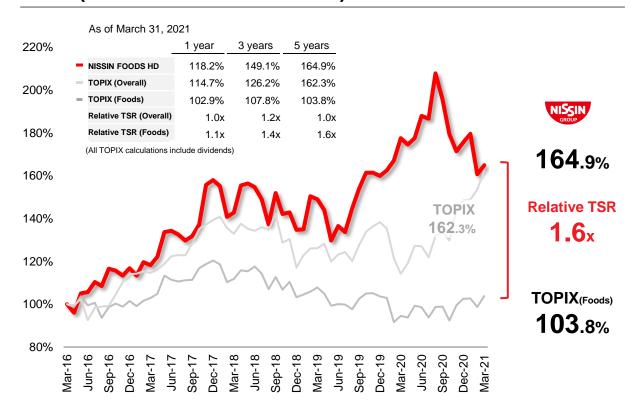
#### Implications of Achieving Capital Market Value Targets: TSR Approach

We implemented a special dividend in accordance with the achievement of the two quantitative targets. The average dividend payout ratio for the period was approximately 40%, as well as a five-year TSR of approximately 165%, providing shareholder value increases significantly higher than TOPIX Foods

**EPS, Dividends, and Share Price** 



#### TSR (Total Shareholder Return) Trends





### **Execution Status of Strategic Themes**

We achieved great progress across all five strategic themes toward the achievement of our targets. However, some obstacles to future progress remain

Five Strategic Themes		KPI and FY3/2021 Target		FY3/2021 Results			Obstacles to Further Progress	
1	Promoting global branding for CUP NOODLES	vs. FY3/2016 (units)	Up <b>50</b> %	Up approx. <b>30</b> %	•	While high growth was achieved mainly in Brazil, India and Europe, the number of meals was not achieved as a result of adopting a strategy that emphasized sales value/profitability (e.g., shifting to premium products) However, retail sales value increased to nearly US\$2B	While already at a stage regarded as a Global Brand in terms of sales volume, we must clarify our strategy toward further growth and making a leap ahead	
2	Focusing on priority overseas locations (BRICs)	Operating profit generated in priority overseas locations accounts for	70%	Approx. 60%	•	Despite continuing to achieve high growth in each business  Target yen-equivalent consolidated composition ratio was not reached due to declines in BRL and RUB, and high growth in other overseas businesses	We must further clarify and prioritize operational strategies in each region based on perspectives of the market environment, current competitiveness, and portfolio	
3	Laying stronger foundations for domestic profit base	NISSIN FOODS + MYOJO FOODS operating profit target	<b>29.5</b> bil. Yen	<b>35.4</b> bil. Yen	•	Despite soaring costs and increased depreciation burden  Moved toward excess of 10%+ through positive passing- on of impact from marketing, sales strategy, COVID-19	With the emergence of risks related to the inability to produce or transport goods due to sustained population declines and environmental changes, not to mention increasing costs, we must devise strategies to recover from said risks and maintain sustainable profit growth	
4	Establishing a second pillar revenue source (Confectionery, Cereals, Chilled and Frozen)	As well as growing brands organically, make the most of M&A	-	Executed M&A deals	•	Achieved steady growth in sales/profit in each business Improved P&L by making KOIKE-YA a consolidated subsidiary Postponed mid-cap project initially planned	In terms of profit scale, we are still some distance away from creating a second pillar of earnings. We must maintain the growth momentum generated to date, improve profitability in each business, and accelerate group synergies, including KOIKE-YA	
5	Human resources for global management	Pool of management talent	<b>2</b> x (200 people)	<b>2x</b> (200 people)	•	Provided list of 200 potential management candidates Founded the Nissin Academy to accelerate human resources development in all areas	In addition to training manager candidates, we must tackle organizational issues blocking leaps ahead in labor productivity and the acquisition, upkeep, and inclusion of human resources critical to strategy	



### Achievements by Business and Region: Overseas Business

We have completed the period of up-front investment during the period of rapid regional expansion and have shifted to a mode of *growth with profit*. We expect Overseas to continue to enjoy high growth potential and become a driver of profit growth in existing businesses

#### **Long-Term Overseas Business Performance** Mid-Term Business Plan 2021 FY 3/ 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 J-GAAP← →IFRS\* (bil. yen) 140.8 5-Yr Net sales / Revenue 100.9 **CAGR** 6.9% 11.0% Up-front investment period during a time of localized rapid expansion 15.5 5-Yr OP margin **CAGR** 2.8% 40 7%

2.8

Operating Profit\*

#### **Americas**

- : By reforming our premium strategy and business structure, we achieved a V-shaped recovery from significant impairment in FY3/2019, entering growth mode
- Not only achieved sales/profit growth at an unprecedented pace, but also created a market of 100 million CUP NOODLES by taking leadership in market development

#### China

- Sustained steady and high levels of growth through penetration and development of CUP NOODLES and DEMAE ICCHO
- We will utilize alliances to promote expansion into new categories/areas and further leverage the growth of existing businesses. Build a model for success toward maximizing profits

#### Asia

- : With contribution from *GEKI* premium bag-type instant noodles, we have grown to a stage where we can aim for profit in the billions of yen, entering the top tier
- Gained top share in cup-type instant noodle market
- Established foundation for monetization by focusing on business areas even in the presence of overwhelming competition

#### **EMEA**

- : Completed large-scale plant reorganization, completing foundations for growth. In addition to solid growth of *Soba*, collaboration with Premier Foods has significantly expanded presence in the UK
- Stable contribution to profit through good partnership

\* Though IFRS was applied in FY3/2019, figures stated from FY3/2018 are also converted to IFRS standards

(5.5x)

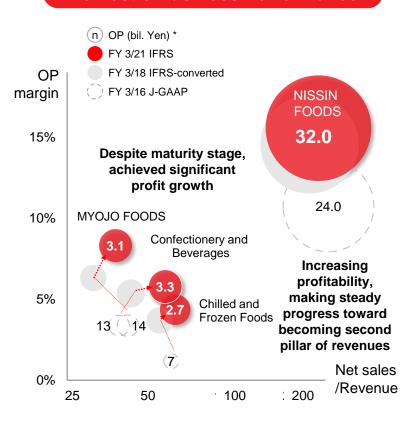
\* During periods of IFRS applicability, figures stated are the amounts determined by deducting other income and expenses as extraordinary profit/loss from operating profit



#### **Achievements by Business and Region: Domestic Business**

The Instant Noodles Business has achieved significant profit growth despite entering a stage of maturity. The Chilled and Frozen Foods as well as Confectionery and Beverages Businesses also grew in both revenue and profit, making steady progress toward becoming a second pillar of revenues

#### **Domestic Business Performance**



#### **Instant Noodles**

#### **NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS:**

- CUP NOODLE and DONBEI marked record sales for four and six consecutive years, respectively. CUP NOODLE exceeded 100 billion yen in domestic annual sales (FY3/2020)
- Through rigorous target marketing toward three strategic targets (youth, senior, women, priceconscious consumers), succeeded in creating and cultivating new categories (Prime bag-type instant noodle products, rice)

#### MYOJO FOODS:

- In addition to strengthening existing and creating new core brands by leveraging non-fried technologies, established unique positioning by expanding products contributing to health
- Through competition with NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS, will enhance each other's superior elements and contribute to group growth

#### Chilled and Frozen Foods

- Chilled foods: High value-added strategy is receiving a tailwind due to heightened value recognition amid COVID-19, and is in a state to aim for a return to a growth trajectory
- Frozen foods: With growth of the ready-to-eat market as a tailwind, we earned the #1 spot in the fresh pasta category. Established a system to further capture growth opportunities by expanding production bases

#### **Confectionery and Beverages**

- Confectionery: Expanded/cultivated #1 areas by making strides in enhancing brand presence, focused on cereals/snacks. Consolidation of KOIKE-YA laid further foundation to pursue more synergies, increase profitability
- Beverages: Achieved continuous growth of core brands PILKUL & TOKACHI NOMU YOGURT: Established foundation for added value

<sup>\*</sup> For operating profit in FY3/2018 and FY3/2021, figures stated are the amounts determined by deducting other income and expenses as extraordinary profit/loss from operating profit.

Decrease from FY3/2016 to FY3/2018 is the result of transition to IFRS reporting

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#### The Core Value and Growth Potential of CUP NOODLES

A unique processed food that perfectly matches the insights of young consumers (Generation Z and later). Pursue further growth, passing through the multi-billion-dollar brand stage, driven by global demographics

**Characteristics of the Core Target: Young Consumers (Z+α generations)** 

**Majority** of world population Seeking values in the real world that Maximum by 2030 **Minimum Cost** reflect more convenient lifestyles **Performance Desire to minimize costs** Silent Gen., 18.0% Baby Boomers, 12.1% 42.5% 18.9% Quick access to **Global Brand** @2020 Time Gen. X, 18.0% information, products, 3 minutes of alone time Cost waiting Double-Billion-Dollar 23.6% and services 22.2% 54.1% Intuitive understanding No Hassle-free cooking Recognition via video and images @2030 **Diversification Thinking** Cost One-touch (no manual) Unique deliciousness in each region **Always on Digital** Many services are **Financial** No X Value for Money free; cautions about **Wasted Money** Cost costs カップ・ヌードル Communication Education Communication Communication that encourages fun Community Gathering, No **Physical** Just add hot water. Carry and empathy, digital measures that span the globe Anytime and Anyplace boundaries Cost anywhere in one hand **運**自 Social media Games Shopping The Security, Quality, word-of-mouth, **Psychological A Global Brand** Real Digital freedom from fake Worries and Presence That's Personal messaging of a Global Brand

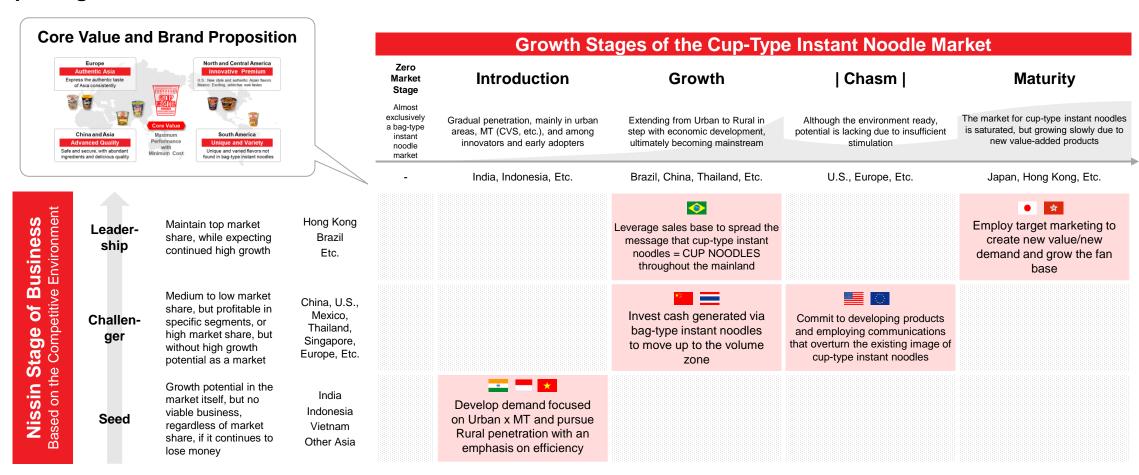
CUP NOODLES

**Globally Shared Core Values of** 



#### The CUP NOODLES Growth Story by Region

Formulate appropriate strategies designed for the cup-type instant noodle market, competition, and stage of NISSIN business in each region to solidify our brand presence globally and achieve sustained, high-paced profit growth





#### **Growth Strategy in the Americas**

- North and Central America: Pursue a Premium Shift focusing on \$1+/unit products through strong marketing and operational strategies; create a game-changing, stable foundation for profits
- South America: Leverage our overwhelming leadership position in Brazil for further leaps ahead in the Instant Noodles
  Business and transition to multi-category; expand our business in South America and maximize profit growth over the
  medium term





Apply Japanese sales

strategy model to return to a

stable growth mode for

total demand, which has

slowed under economic

stagnation

Strengthen communications

and introduce more strategic

products to increase cup-type

instant noodle market share

Currently 5%

to 15% Level

Engage in potential growth

regions (northeastern area)

expand bag-type instant

60% to 70%+

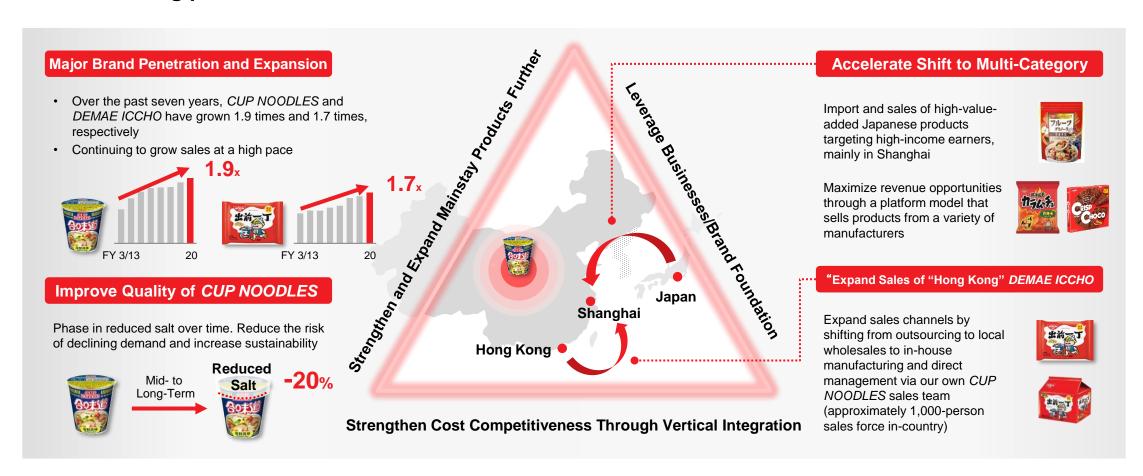
and channel development to

noodle share from the current



## Growth Strategy in China (incl. H.K.)

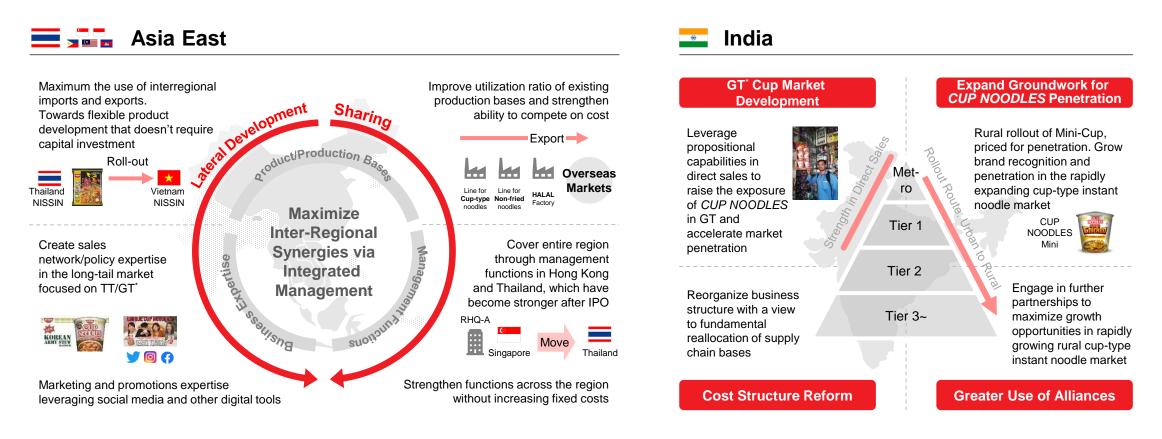
- Leverage high quality and "made in/from Hong Kong" to pursue sales growth in the mainland
- Leverage alliances and pursue profit opportunities through multi-category in regions where we already have a strong presence





#### **Growth Strategy in Asia**

- East Asia: Pursue cross-regional products, share expertise, and shared business foundations; drive growth while improving profitability as a unified region
- India: Aim for market exclusivity in the cup-type instant noodles market through an expanded sales platform based on cup noodle growth and the pursuit of alliance opportunities via leveraging of Mini-Cup. Reorganize production systems and reduce costs to achieve profitability as quickly as possible

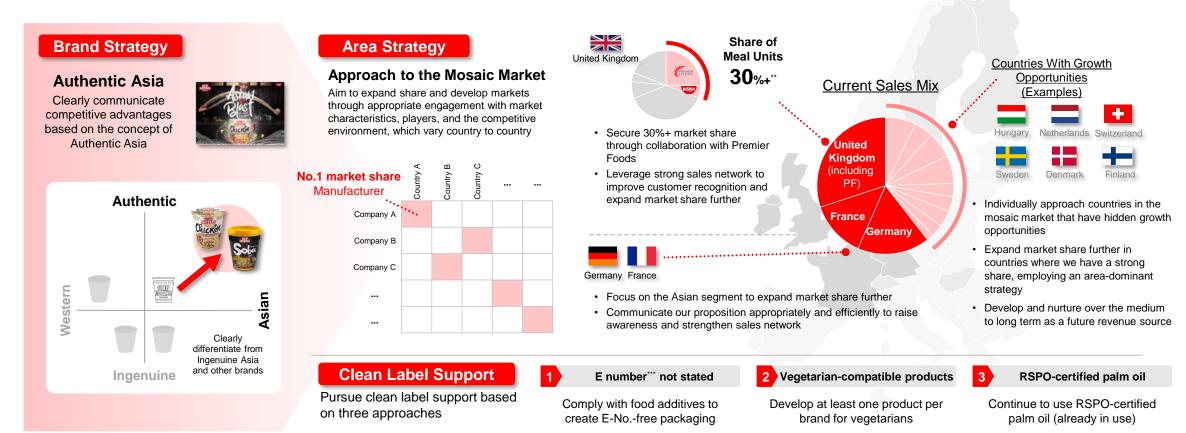




## Growth Strategy in Europe 😂 💥

Engage in a brand strategy around high-quality, high-value-added Asian concepts and an area strategy conscious of the mosaic market (different market characteristics between countries). In this way, we will pursue larger shares and develop markets, leading to further accelerated growth

Respond rapidly to clean label\* health and environmental trends in advanced regions to improve added value and build global model cases



<sup>\*</sup> A growing trend in Europe and the U.S. is the encouragement of the use of healthful ingredients with clear origins. Generally, products providing simple and clear labeling for foods using natural, clean, healthy ingredients with no additives/ (\*\* source) NielsenIQ Retail Measurement Service for the PotSnacks/Cup Noodles category for the 12-month period ending December 31, 2020, for the UK market (Copyright ©2021, NielsenIQ)/ \*\*\* Classification number assigned to food additives determined for use within the European Union. Generally indicated on food labels in the European Union





**Satiety** 

Human health problems arising between vastly contradicting factors

Close relationship between food and environment/resources

Hunger

# Well-being

Obesity and unbalanced diets due to economic disparity and population growth

Lifestyle-related diseases (diabetes)
Increased medical expenses
Food loss, etc.



### **Food Crisis**

Food crises due to environmental destruction and population growth Malnutrition/stunted growth Securing nutrition during disasters Food deserts, etc.

# **Future Food**

Sustainability

(e.g., plant-based meats, insects as food)

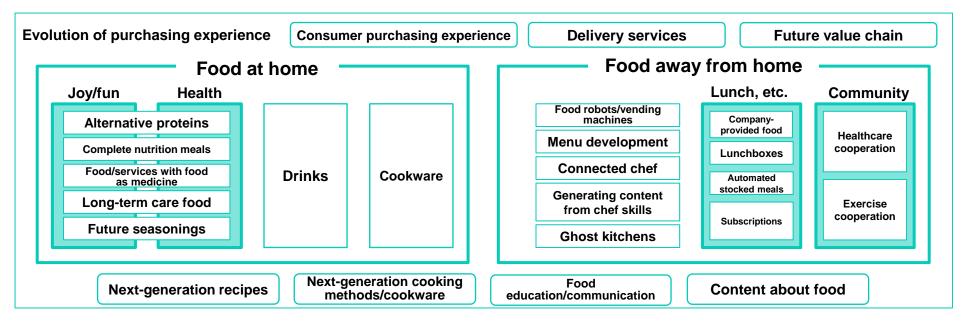
Well-being

(e.g., meal replacements, complete nutrition meals, personalized meals)

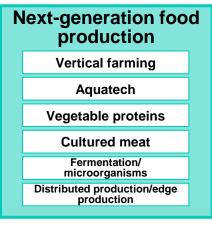


# Technology in the Food Tech Area, and NISSIN FOODS's Priority Areas

Consumer experience



Food infrastructure Food technology









### NISSIN GROUP

# Pursuing Business Structure Reform in the Digital Era

# NISSIN Business Transformation (NBX): Groupwide activities aimed at transforming our business model itself, beyond simple digitalization

Transformation of Our Business Model Itself

#### **Advanced Development of a Talent Management System**

Use data to improve specialization and cultivate managers while transitioning to a job-based model

#### 360° Consumer Understanding

Leverage personalized data to deepen our understanding of citizens/consumers and engage in more effective marketing activities

#### **Propose Data-Driven Solutions**

Establish a new unit specialized in shopper marketing. Discover and leverage potential sales opportunities based on data, as we engage in digital human resources development

#### **Refine the Supply Chain**

Achieve a high level of agility (avoid opportunity loss) and streamlining (elimination of waste) through data linkage



SCM





#### **Maximum Use of Tools**

Make the most of RPA tools and BPO, building a structure allowing all employees to focus on their core work. Establish a foundation to normalize distributed labor



# NISSIN Business Xformation

2

Back Office



Selected as a DX brand by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (one of only two companies in the food industry)



#### Paperless / Eliminate Personal Seals (Hanko)

Achieve paperless/personal-seal-free operations by digitizing invoice processing and expense reimbursement-related tasks

#### **Smart Factories**

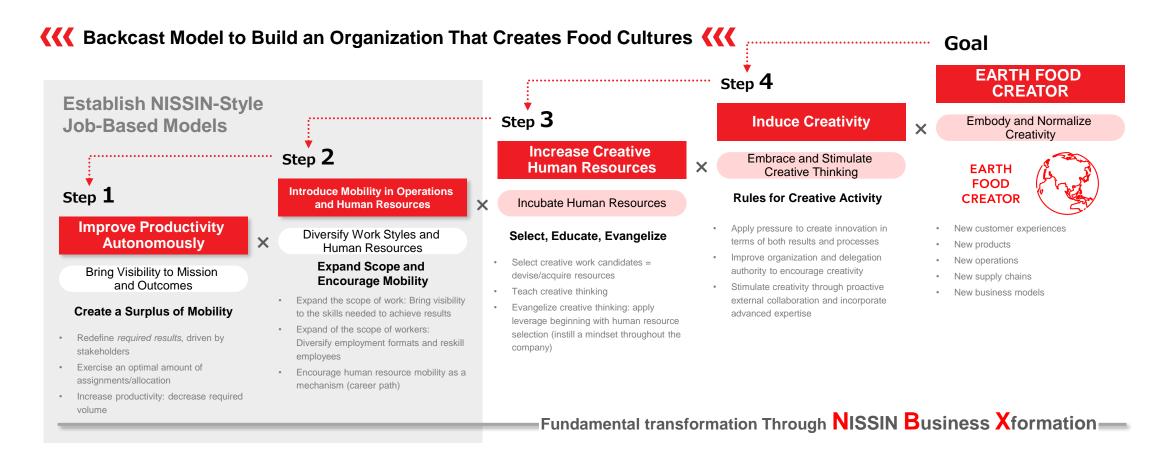
Visualize production status in real time by converting all factory information into data. Reduce defective products to less than one in one million

Improve labor productivity through



## Human Resources to Support Our Strategies/Organizational Foundation Reform

To create an innovative organization capable of executing strategies and creating new food cultures, we will define and implement a transformation roadmap as the first step toward establishing a NISSIN-style job-based model





# **Financial and Capital Policies**

Leverage operating cash flow generated by existing business growth as basic source of funds; allocate (reinvest) funds appropriately in accordance with investment priorities under our growth strategy

Reinvestment + α

Reinvestment

for Growth

Shareholder Returns

(Progressive Dividends)

**Debt Repayment** 

### **Funds Procurement Policy**

Debt

Financing

**Asset Sales** 

**Operating** 

CF

Based on operating CF, reinforced through asset divestment

Flexible use of debt according to necessity and appropriateness

- Within a scope that maintains safety
- Organic: 2x EBITDA Inorganic (during M&A): up to 3x
- Assuming relatively short time horizon for cash conversion
- Reduce strategic shareholdings
- Sell non-business real estate

etc.

- Sustained core operating profit growth
- Control over working capital

### **Investment Policy**

Allocate funds appropriately and effectively in line with priority under our three growth strategy pillars, while conducting progressive dividends and scheduled debt repayments

### **Investment Priority Framework**

# Strength of Value Enhancement

- Ability to increase profits and cash more reliably, contributing to group profit growth
- Measured basically by Midterm profit growth potential, updated annually
- Consider the potential of game changers, including M&A

#### Potential to Contribute to Leap Forward in Value

- Potential to contribute to building a foundation for competitive advantage in new businesses
- Determined from the perspective of services and sales channels, production infrastructure, technology, etc. Also consider M&A

#### Importance of Sustainable Value

- Importance and impact of addressing environmental and social issues in sustaining businesses
- Determine based on current profit scope, portfolio (in consideration of geopolitical risk), and importance of presence as a global player



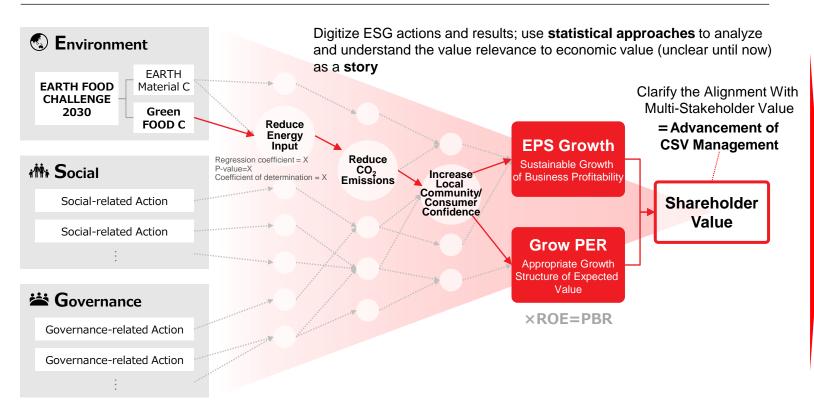


# Approach to ROESG

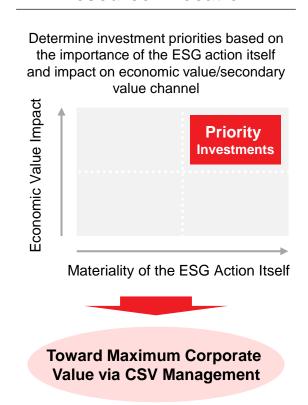
Bring Visibility to Invisible Value: Toward Quantification of ESG (Non-Financial Capital)

Bring data-driven visibility and clarity to ROESG (Return on Environment, Social, and Governance), which represents the relationship between ESG actions and economic value at NISSIN; leverage actively to optimize resource allocation in Creating Shared Value (CSV) Management

# Bring Data-Driven Visibility and Clarity to Value Relationships/ROESG



# Reflect the Results in Management Resource Allocation



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# **Management Policy for FY 3/2022**

### **Reboot and Make a Fresh Start**

As the first year of our new management plan, we will sprint ahead in three growth strategies, as well as organizational and human resource reforms

### **Domestic Existing Businesses**

- Instant Noodles Business: Reform our supply chain structure, create new categories and channels, and transition to a new sales approach
- Non-Instant Noodles Business: Accelerate group synergies in both supply and demand (mainly in the confectionery business) to build a foundation for growth and improved profitability

### **Overseas Existing Businesses**

- Accelerate deeper global branding, which has already begun to produce results.
   Further solidify competitive advantage as a growth driver
- Pursue steady progress in multi-category and multi-area strategies to leverage business in China and Brazil

#### **New Businesses**

- Launch businesses with a sense of urgency to gain recognition for the wider acceptance of complete nutritional foods
- Launch businesses across five touch points and conduct proof-of-concept tests during FY3/2022: (1) subscription home delivery service (DC2: intensive program), (2) corporate cafeterias, (3) senior, (4) retail sales, and (5) smart cities

### **Group Overall**

- Leverage the lessons of COVID-19 to transition both work styles and business structures to a new normal through the maximum use of digital technologies
- Respond accurately to consumer behavior and awareness to turn increased demand under the COVID-19 pandemic into sustainable growth drivers

<sup>\*</sup> China (including H.K.) strategy and related targets, financial results forecasts are established independently by NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS



# FY 3/2022 Domestic Business Policy and Activities by Segment (1)

### **NISSIN FOOD PRODUCTS**

Generate profit by solidifying core brands and create food cultures by pursuing new value

- Use targeted marketing aimed at three strategic target groups: youth, women and seniors
  - Develop new categories (Prime bag-type instant noodle products, rice, etc.)
- Campaigns for mainstay brands that will be celebrating anniversaries (CUP NOODLE, DONBEI, U.F.O.)
  - 50th anniversary of CUP NOODLE, 45th anniversary of DONBEI Aim for historic sales records
- Focus on selling products for price-conscious consumers
- Topical communication for young people, tailored to the digital native generation
- Generate new sales by strengthening sales of non-noodle products, e.g., rice products and TRIPLE BARRIER

Strengthen brands that will be celebrating anniversaries











Strategic products to suit <u>price-conscious consumers</u>







**Products pursuing** new value







# FY 3/2022 Domestic Business Policy and Activities by Segment (2)

### **MYOJO FOODS**

# Pursue new value and address societal demands to build sustainable company growth

#### Pursue new value

- Establish and nurture the new *MEGAMI* brand, making the best use of proprietary non-fry technology
- Expand standards among mainstay products and improve profitability
- Create products for new demand, addressing stay-at-home lifestyles from a new angle

### Addressing societal demands

- Promote the switch to environmentally friendly FSC® certified paper (forest certified) materials for corrugated cardboard
- Expand range of products using the Salt Care Cup
- Pursue measures addressing the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace

















The design enables consumers to see how much salt they have consumed when the level of the remaining soup reaches the 150ml line, cleverly enabling them to reduce their salt intake while at the same time maintaining the same delicious taste!



## FY 3/2022 Domestic Business Policy and Activities by Segment (3)

### **Chilled / Frozen Foods and Beverage Business**

### NISSIN CHILLED FOODS

- No.1 market share in the noodles genre
- Expansion of 4K+ plus series of products
   (4K = easy (kanben), individual (kosyoku), complete (kanketsu), environmentally friendly (kankyo))
- Advancement in the Delicious Eco-Noodle Project
- Business expansion in new channels







### NISSIN FROZEN FOODS

- Expand into other areas by strengthening single products as means to greater brand recognition
- Become No.1 in the pasta market
- Enter high-end noodles and pasta markets
- Products and distribution strategies that emphasize profitability







#### **NISSIN YORK**

- Build awareness and promote functional understanding of PILKUL 400
- Stronger messaging for intestinal function improvement of TOKACHI NOMU YOGURT and leading trial purchases













## FY 3/2022 Domestic Business Policy and Activities by Segment (4)

### **Confectionery Business**

#### **NISSIN CISCO**

- Provide high-quality cereals with strong value for health, combined with affordability and variety
- Further strengthen and nurture the GOROTTO GRANOLA brand
- Value proposition and product development unique to confectionery under the concept of Unique Functions and Wellness

#### **BonChi**

- Strengthen existing brands further and respond to new consumption
  - Improve sales of major brands, focusing mainly on PEANUT AGE, KARASHI MENTAIKO OGATA AGESEN, BONCHI AGE
  - Enter the snack sales area given growth in at-home consumption
  - Pursue greater cost reductions through productivity improvement projects









#### **KOIKE-YA**

- Strengthen domestic marketing strategy (Improve presence by promoting shift to premium products and investing in advertising)
- Cut costs through full-scale operations at new plant
- Strengthen overseas business









# FY 3/2022 Overseas Business Policy and Activities by Segment (1)

### The Americas

#### U.S.

- Accelerate sales of premium products and increase revenue ratio
- Reduce costs by improving production efficiency







# China (Incl. H.K.)

- Hong Kong Expand sales and strengthen earnings base in each business
  - Expand sales and strengthen the earnings base of existing brands
  - Stabilize the earnings base for non-instant noodles businesses









#### Mexico

- Target increased revenue and operating profit growth through aggressive sales promotion activities
- Further increase sales through improved awareness and store turnover rate of CUP NOODLES Intenso and U.F.O.
- Expand market share by developing new customers and strengthening sales promotion in priority areas







#### Brazil

- Re-position brands, including Nissin Lámen
- Further grow and firmly establish CUP NOODLES







#### Mainland China

- Increase sales of CUP NOODLES and DEMAE ICCHO and strengthen respective earnings bases
- Build an earnings base for non-instant noodles businesses







# FY 3/2022 Overseas Business Policy and Activities by Segment (2)

#### Asia

#### India

- Expand sales of pivotal products CUP NOODLES and Top Ramen in the domestic instant noodles business
- Strengthen profits by expanding third-party sales using in-house sales platform
- Strengthen profitability by improving production efficiency







### Singapore

- Strengthen sales of CUP NOODLES, DEMAE ICCHO and MYOJO
- Expand categories other than instant noodles











#### Thailand

- Create market for high-valueadded bag-type instant noodles and expand sales
- Strengthen sales of CUP NOODLES









#### Indonesia

- Engage in business management that avoids price competition
- Cultivate Nissin Ramen as a second pillar after Gekikara













#### Vietnam

- Introduce and expand sales of high-profit products
- Expand target cities and delve deeper into high-profit sales channels











# FY3/2022 Overseas Business Policy and Activities by Segment (3)

### **EMEA**

- **Europe** Establish stronger presence in the growing European market
  - Strive to expand share of the cup-type and bag-type instant noodles markets based on the Asian Blast concept
  - Implement policies after identifying areas having common attributes, rather than policies by country or by competitor



#### Associates accounted for using the equity method

#### NISSIN-UNIVERSAL ROBINA CORP.

- Instant noodles business in the Philippines
- Expand instant noodles business through joint ventures with local partner

### Mareven Food Holdings Ltd.

- Holding company with firms in Russia, Ukraine, and Kazakhstan
- The largest firm in Russia's instant noodle market, which has been expanding in other CIS countries

#### Thai President Foods PCL

A leading instant noodle company in Thailand





Company plans, business forecasts, strategies, and other information contained in this document are based on management judgments derived from information available at the time of this publication. Be aware that these are only future projections, and actual results may differ due to various risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include intensifying price competition in the market, changes in economic trends surrounding the business environment, exchange rate fluctuations, and significant market fluctuations in the capital markets.

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- These presentation materials are available in PDF format at our official website, under Financial Statements & Presentation Materials <a href="https://www.nissin.com/en\_jp/ir/library/materials/">https://www.nissin.com/en\_jp/ir/library/materials/</a>
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- As a general rule, fiscal years in this document run from April 1, 20YY through March 31, 20YY, and may be written as FY3/20YY or FYYY
- Revenues and expenses of overseas affiliates are based on the average exchange rate for the period in question
- Results from China (including H.K.) are based on the consolidation policy of NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS. Disclosure may differ from that of NISSIN FOODS CO., LTD. (located in H.K.).) China (including H.K.) strategy and related targets, financial results forecasts are established independently by NISSIN FOODS HOLDINGS.

